

Emergency Data Exchange Language (EDXL) Hospital Availability Exchange (HAVE) Version 2.0

Committee Specification 01

Proposed HL7® Informative Document

13 December 2018

Specification URIs

This version:

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/cs01/edxl-have-v2.0-cs01.doc>
(Authoritative)

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/cs01/edxl-have-v2.0-cs01.html>

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/cs01/edxl-have-v2.0-cs01.pdf>

Previous version:

<http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/csprd03/edxl-have-v2.0-csprd03.doc>
(Authoritative)

<http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/csprd03/edxl-have-v2.0-csprd03.html>

<http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/csprd03/edxl-have-v2.0-csprd03.pdf>

Latest version:

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/edxl-have-v2.0.doc> (Authoritative)

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/edxl-have-v2.0.html>

<https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/edxl-have-v2.0.pdf>

Technical Committee:

OASIS Emergency Management TC
HL7 Patient Administration Work Group

Chair:

Elysa Jones (elysajones@yahoo.com), Individual

Editors:

Darrell O'Donnell (darrell.odonnell@continuumloop.com), Individual

Brian Wilkins (bwilkins@mitre.org), MITRE Corporation

Rex Brooks (rexb@starbourne.com), individual

Scott M. Robertson (scott.m.robertson@kp.org), Kaiser Permanente

Additional artifacts:

This prose specification is one component of a Work Product that also includes:

- XML schemas: <https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/cs01/schema/>

Related work:

This specification replaces or supersedes:

- *Emergency Data Exchange Language (EDXL) Hospital Availability Exchange (HAVE) Version 1.0*. Edited by Sukumar Dwarkanath. 22 December 2009. OASIS Standard

Incorporating Approved Errata. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v1.0/errata/edxl-have-v1.0-os-errata-os.html>.

This specification is related to:

- *Emergency Data Exchange Language (EDXL) Distribution Element v1.0*. Edited by Michelle Raymond, Sylvia Webb, and Patti Iles Aymond. 01 May 2006. OASIS Standard. http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-de/v1.0/EDXL-DE_Spec_v1.0.pdf.
- *Emergency Data Exchange Language Resource Messaging (EDXL-RM) 1.0*. Edited by Dr. Patti Aymond, Rex Brooks, Tim Grapes, Gary Ham, Dr. Renato Iannella, Dr. Karen Robinson, Werner Joerg, and Alessandro Triglia. 22 December 2009. OASIS Standard incorporating Approved Errata. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-rm/v1.0/errata/EDXL-RM-v1.0-OS-errata-os.html>.
- *Emergency Data Exchange Language Common Types v1.0*. Edited by Werner Joerg, Rex Brooks, Jeff Waters, and Don McGarry. Latest version: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-ct/v1.0/edxl-ct-v1.0.html>.
- *Emergency Data Exchange Language Customer Information Quality v1.0*. Edited by Werner Joerg and Jeff Waters. Latest version: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-ciq/v1.0/edxl-ciq-v1.0.html>.
- *HL7 Messaging Standard Version 2.8 – An Application Protocol for Electronic Data Exchange in Healthcare Environments*. February 2014. HL7 Normative Standard. http://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product_brief.cfm?product_id=356

Declared XML namespace:

- urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:edxl:have:2.0

Abstract:

EDXL-HAVE (HAVE) is an XML messaging standard primarily for exchange of information related to health facilities in the context of emergency management. HAVE supports sharing information about facility services, bed counts, operations, capacities, and resource needs so first responders, emergency managers, coordinating organizations, hospitals, care facilities, and the health community can provide each other with a coherent view of the health system.

Status:

This document was last revised or approved by the OASIS Emergency Management TC on the above date. The level of approval is also listed above. Check the "Latest version" location noted above for possible later revisions of this document. Any other numbered Versions and other technical work produced by the Technical Committee (TC) are listed at https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=emergency#technical.

TC members should send comments on this specification to the TC's email list. Others should send comments to the TC's public comment list, after subscribing to it by following the instructions at the "[Send A Comment](#)" button on the TC's web page at <https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/>.

This specification is provided under the [RF on RAND Terms](#) Mode of the [OASIS IPR Policy](#), the mode chosen when the Technical Committee was established. For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights section of the TC's web page (<https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/ipr.php>).

Note that any machine-readable content ([Computer Language Definitions](#)) declared Normative for this Work Product is provided in separate plain text files. In the event of a discrepancy between any such plain text file and display content in the Work Product's prose narrative document(s), the content in the separate plain text file prevails.

This document was approved as an HL7 Informative Document by ballot in January 2018. HL7 members should send comments on this specification to the TC's public comment list, as described above.

Citation format:

When referencing this specification the following citation format should be used:

[EDXL-HAVE-v2.0]

Emergency Data Exchange Language (EDXL) Hospital Availability Exchange (HAVE) Version 2.0. Edited by Darrell O'Donnell, Brian Wilkins, Rex Brooks, and Scott M. Robertson. 13 December 2018. OASIS Committee Specification 01. Proposed HL7 Informative Document. <https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/cs01/edxl-have-v2.0-cs01.html>. Latest version: <https://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-have/v2.0/edxl-have-v2.0.html>.

Notices

Copyright © OASIS Open 2018. All Rights Reserved.

Copyright © 2018 Health Level Seven International ® ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

All capitalized terms in the following text have the meanings assigned to them in the OASIS Intellectual Property Rights Policy (the "OASIS IPR Policy"). The full [Policy](#) may be found at the OASIS website.

This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published, and distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and this section are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this document itself may not be modified in any way, including by removing the copyright notice or references to OASIS, except as needed for the purpose of developing any document or deliverable produced by an OASIS Technical Committee (in which case the rules applicable to copyrights, as set forth in the OASIS IPR Policy, must be followed) or as required to translate it into languages other than English.

The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by OASIS or its successors or assigns.

This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "AS IS" basis and OASIS DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY OWNERSHIP RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

OASIS requests that any OASIS Party or any other party that believes it has patent claims that would necessarily be infringed by implementations of this OASIS Committee Specification or OASIS Standard, to notify OASIS TC Administrator and provide an indication of its willingness to grant patent licenses to such patent claims in a manner consistent with the IPR Mode of the OASIS Technical Committee that produced this specification.

OASIS invites any party to contact the OASIS TC Administrator if it is aware of a claim of ownership of any patent claims that would necessarily be infringed by implementations of this specification by a patent holder that is not willing to provide a license to such patent claims in a manner consistent with the IPR Mode of the OASIS Technical Committee that produced this specification. OASIS may include such claims on its website, but disclaims any obligation to do so.

OASIS takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Information on OASIS' procedures with respect to rights in any document or deliverable produced by an OASIS Technical Committee can be found on the OASIS website. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission for the use of such proprietary rights by implementers or users of this OASIS Committee Specification or OASIS Standard, can be obtained from the OASIS TC Administrator. OASIS makes no representation that any information or list of intellectual property rights will at any time be complete, or that any claims in such list are, in fact, Essential Claims.

The name "OASIS" is a trademark of [OASIS](#), the owner and developer of this specification, and should be used only to refer to the organization and its official outputs. OASIS welcomes reference to, and implementation and use of, specifications, while reserving the right to enforce its marks against misleading uses. Please see <https://www.oasis-open.org/policies-guidelines/trademark> for above guidance.

HL7 Notices

Following is a non-exhaustive list of third-party terminologies that may require a separate license:

Terminology	Owner/Contact
Current Procedures Terminology (CPT) code set	American Medical Association https://www.ama-assn.org/practice-management/cpt-licensing

Terminology	Owner/Contact
SNOMED CT	SNOMED International http://www.snomed.org/snomed-ct/get-snomed-ct or info@ihtsdo.org
Logical Observation Identifiers Names & Codes (LOINC)	Regenstrief Institute
International Classification of Diseases (ICD) codes	World Health Organization (WHO)
NUCC Health Care Provider Taxonomy code set	American Medical Association. Please see www.nucc.org . AMA licensing contact: 312-464-5022 (AMA IP services)

HL7 and Health Level Seven are registered trademarks of [Health Level Seven International](http://www.hl7.org). Reg. U.S. Pat & TM Off. Please see <http://www.hl7.org/legal/trademarks.cfm> for additional guidance on Health Level Seven-owned trademarks.

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	9
1.0	IPR Policy	9
1.1	Terminology	9
1.2	Normative References	9
1.3	Non-Normative References	10
1.4	Purpose	11
1.5	History	11
1.6	Structure of the EDXL Hospital Availability Exchange Specification	13
2	Design Principles & Concepts (non-normative)	14
2.1	Requirements for Design	14
2.2	Example Usage Scenarios	15
2.2.1	Day-to-Day – Dialysis Patient:	15
2.2.2	First Responder – Responding with Critical Care	15
2.2.3	Mass-Scale Vaccination Clinics	15
2.2.4	Disaster Response:	15
3	EDXL HAVE	16
3.1	HAVE Report Definition (non-normative)	16
3.2	Supporting Elements (non-normative)	16
3.2.1	Common Types	16
3.2.2	Selecting Values from Lists	17
3.2.3	ValueKeyType	17
3.2.4	EDXL Extensions	18
3.3	Element Reference Model (non-normative)	20
3.4	Distribution of EDXL-HAVE (non-normative)	21
3.5	HAVE Elements	21
4	Data Dictionary	22
4.1.1	HAVE	22
4.1.2	FacilityType	24
4.1.3	BedCapacityType	32
4.1.4	StabilityType	33
4.1.5	OffLoadKind Element	34
4.1.6	OffloadStateKind Element	34
4.1.7	OffloadType	35
4.1.8	OrganizationInformationType	37
4.1.9	StatusType	37
4.1.10	ServiceType	40
4.1.11	ResourceInformationType	43
4.1.12	ResourceQuantityType	46
4.1.13	ColourStatusType	48
4.1.14	ServiceCodeDefaultType	50
4.1.15	CapacityType	51
4.1.16	TriageCountType	52
4.1.17	ActivityInPeriodType	54

4.1.18 TriageColourCodeType	57
4.1.19 FreeTextType	57
4.1.20 AlternateTextType	59
4.1.21 FacilityOperationKind Element	59
4.1.22 OperationType	59
4.1.23 ColourCodeDefaultType	62
4.1.24 FacilityKindType	62
4.1.25 TraumaCenterLevelKind	63
4.1.26 LimitedString	63
4.1.27 GeoLocationType	64
4.1.28 TrafficStatusKind	65
4.1.29 OffloadInfoType	65
4.1.30 EmergencyDepartmentType	67
4.1.31 TriageCapacityType	69
4.1.32 TrafficType	69
4.1.33 TraumaCenterLevelType	71
4.1.34 ServicesType	73
4.1.35 FutureServicesType	74
4.1.36 OperationsType	76
4.1.37 TraumaCenterType	77
5 Conformance	79
5.1 Conformance Targets	79
5.2 Conformance as an EDXL-HAVE Message	79
5.3 Conformance as an EDXL-HAVE Message Producer	79
Appendix A. Acknowledgments	80
Appendix B. HL7 Implementation Guidance	82
B.1 Scope	82
B.2 HL7 v2.8	82
B.2.1 HL7 Query Conformance Statement	83
B.2.1.1 Query Profile	83
B.2.1.2 Query Grammar: QSB Message (QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16)	84
B.2.1.3 Response Grammar: RTB Message (RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09)	84
B.2.1.4 QPD Input Parameter Specification	92
B.2.1.5 Input/Output Specification: Virtual Table	93
B.2.1.5.1 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – HAVE record</i>	93
B.2.1.5.2 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – OrganisationInformation</i>	94
B.2.1.5.3 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Facility</i>	97
B.2.1.5.4 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Operation</i>	98
B.2.1.5.5 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Comment</i>	99
B.2.1.5.6 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Extension</i>	100
B.2.1.5.7 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Parameter</i>	100
B.2.1.5.8 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Value</i>	100
B.2.1.5.9 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Service</i>	101
B.2.1.5.10 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – FutureService</i>	102
B.2.1.5.11 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Activity</i>	103
B.2.1.5.12 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Resource-Staff</i>	104
B.2.1.5.13 <i>Virtual Table Field definition – Needs-Offers</i>	105

B.2.1.5.14 Virtual Table Field definition – Emergency Department	105
B.2.1.5.15 Virtual Table Field definition – Offload	106
B.2.1.5.16 Virtual Table Field definition – Triage	107
B.2.1.5.17 Virtual Table Field definition – Trauma Center.....	107
B.2.1.5.18 Virtual Table Field definition – GeoLocation	108
B.2.1.6 RCP Response Control Parameter Field Description and Commentary.....	109
B.2.2 QSX /ACK - cancel subscription/acknowledge message (Event J02).....	110
B.2.2.1 QSX^J02^QCN_J01: Cancel Subscription	110
B.2.2.2 ACK^J02^ACK: General Acknowledgment.....	110
B.2.3 Examples	110
B.2.3.1 Establishing a subscription	110
B.2.3.2 HAVE report in response to a subscription	111
B.2.3.3 Cancel a subscription	115
Appendix C. Revision History.....	117

1 Introduction

EDXL-HAVE specifies an XML document format that allows the communication of the status of a hospital, its services, and its resources. These include bed capacity and availability, emergency department status, available service coverage, and the status of its facility and operations.

[All text is normative unless otherwise labeled]

1.0 IPR Policy

This specification is provided under the [RF on RAND Terms](#) Mode of the [OASIS IPR Policy](#), the mode chosen when the Technical Committee was established. For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights section of the TC's web page (<https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/ipr.php>).

1.1 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#).

1.2 Normative References

NOTE: Many of these references are used as or in relation to imported schema for the Normative XML Schema for EDXL-HAVE-v2.0 available separately as noted in "[Additional artifacts](#)" on the front page.

[XMLSCHEMA-2]

XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition, P. V. Biron, A. Malhotra, Editors, W3C Recommendation. <http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-2-20041028/> Latest version available at <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/>.

[EDXL-CT]

Committee Specification Draft Emergency Data Exchange Language Common Types. Joerg, W. November 2011. OASIS. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-ct/v1.0/csd01/>.

[EDXL-GSF]

Committee Specification Draft Emergency Data Exchange Language GML Simple Features. Joerg, W. September 2011. OASIS. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-gsf/v1.0/csd01/>.

[XML-NAMES]

Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition), T. Bray, D. Hollander, A. Layman, R. Tobin, H. S. Thompson, Editors, W3C Recommendation. 8 December 2009. <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/> . Latest version available at <http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-names>.

[OASIS CIQ]

Customer Information Quality (CIQ) Specifications Version 3.0, Name (xNL), Address (xAL), and Party (xPIL). June 15, 2007. OASIS. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ciq/v3.0/specs/>.

[OGC 07-36r1]

Geography Markup Language (GML) Implementation Specification Version 3.2.1. 2007. Open Geospatial Consortium. http://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=20509.

[OGC Schemas]

GML 3.2.1 schemas. 2007. Open Geospatial Consortium. <http://schemas.opengis.net/gml/3.2.1/>.

[OGC 10-100r3]

Geography Markup Language (GML) simple features profile (with Corrigendum) (2.0). 2010. http://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=42729.

[OGC CRS]

Topic 2 - Spatial Referencing by Coordinates (Topic 2) (CRS Abstract Specification), Version 3. 2004. Open Geospatial Consortium. https://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=6716.

[RFC2119]

Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels. Bradner, S. BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>.

[RFC5646]

Tags for Identifying Languages, Phillips, A., Ed., and M. Davis, Ed., BCP 47, RFC 5646, DOI 10.17487/RFC5646, September 2009, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5646>.

[WGS 84]

Department of Defense World Geodetic System. 1984. National Geospatial Intelligence Agency. <http://earth-info.nga.mil/GandG/wgs84/index.html>.

[XML 1.0]

Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fifth Edition), T. Bray, J. Paoli, C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, E. Maler, F. Yergeau, Editors, W3C Recommendation. 26 November 2008. <http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/> . Latest version available at <http://www.w3.org/TR/xml>.

1.3 Non-Normative References

NOTE: Many references contain element names, definitions and resource materials that were used in the development of this specification whether or not such material is cited as such in the text.

[AHIC-BIODATA]

BioSurveillance Data Elements. American Health Information Community (AHIC), BioSurveillance Data Working Group.

[EDXL-DE]

EDXL Distribution Element (DE) Standard v1.0. March 2006. OASIS. http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/edxl-de/v1.0/EDXL-DE_Spec_v1.0.doc.

[EDXL-EXT]

EDXL Extension. OASIS. <https://tools.oasis-open.org/version-control/browse/wsvn/emergency/HAVE/rim/edxl-ext-v1.0.xsd>

[GJXDM]

Global Justice XML Data Model (GJXDM) Data Dictionary. Global, Office of Justice Programs. <http://it.ojp.gov/default.aspx?area=nationalInitiatives&page=1013>

[GML-BESTPRAC]

Best Practices: A GML Profile for use in OASIS EM Standards - EDXL-RM, EDXL-DE, HAVE, and CAP DRAFT. Open Geospatial Consortium. <https://www.oasis-open.org/apps/org/workgroup/emergency/download.php/20785/Best%20Practices%20-%20a%20GML%20Profile.doc>

[HAVBED-DATA]

Hospital Bed Availability (HAVBED) Project – Definitions and Data Elements: AHRQ Releases Standardized Hospital Bed Definitions. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ). <https://archive.ahrq.gov/research/havbed/definitions.htm>

[HAVBED2-REP]

HAvBED2 Hospital Available Beds for Emergencies and Disasters. A Sustainable Bed Availability Reporting System. Final report. AHRQ Publication No. 09-0058-EF. April 2009. AHRQ. <http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/havbed2/havbed2.pdf>

[HAVE-REQSUP]

EDXL HAVE Requirements Supplement. January 2006. OASIS. <https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/16400/>

[HAVE-SRS]

EDXL HAVE Standard Requirements Specification. January 2006. OASIS. <https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/16399/>

[HL7]

Health Level Seven International. <http://www.hl7.org/>.

[NIEM]

National Information Exchange Model. <https://it.ojp.gov/initiatives/niem>.

[VHHA-TERM]

Statewide Hospital Status Information System Terminology and Data Collection Elements. Virginia Hospital & Healthcare Association (VHHA). <https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/18019>

1.4 Purpose

The ongoing goal of the Emergency Data eXchange Language (EDXL) project is to facilitate emergency information sharing and data exchange across the local, state, tribal, national, international and non-governmental organizations of different professions that provide emergency response and management services. EDXL accomplishes this goal by focusing on the standardization of specific messages (messaging interfaces) to facilitate emergency communication and coordination particularly when more than one profession or governmental jurisdiction is involved.

The current roster of published EDXL Standards includes:

- The Common Alerting Protocol v1.2 specification (EDXL-CAP), with various dedicated profiles
- The Distribution Element specification v2.0 (EDXL-DE)
- The Hospital AVailability Exchange specification v1.0 (EDXL-HAVE)
- The Tracking of Emergency Patients specification v1.1 (EDXL-TEP)
- The Resource Messaging specification v1.0 (EDXL-RM)
- The Situation Reporting specification v1.0 (EDXL-SitRep)
- The Tracking of Emergency Client v1.0 (EDXL-TEC)

The primary purpose of EDXL-HAVE is to provide an XML-based reporting format that allows information to be shared about a set of health facilities including the communication of the status of a health facility, its services, and its resources. These include bed capacity and availability, emergency department status, staffing levels, available service coverage, and the status of a health facilities operations and resources.

The primary audience for EDXL-HAVE is the broad community that interacts with health facilities and it is intended to be used as a tool to automate information flow in and out of the health network. It is not intended to be a tool used for internal administration of health facilities as other standards organizations (e.g. Health System Level Seven International – www.hl7.org) already handle this domain.

1.5 History

In a disaster or emergency situation, there is a need for hospitals to be able to communicate with each other, and with other members of the emergency response community. The ability to exchange data in regard to hospitals' bed availability, status, services, and capacity enables both hospitals and other emergency agencies to respond to emergencies and disaster situations with greater efficiency and speed. In particular, it will allow emergency dispatchers and managers to make sound logistics decisions such as where to route victims and automatically determining which hospitals have the ability to provide the needed service. Many hospitals have expressed the need for, and indeed are currently using, commercial or self-developed information technology that allows them to publish this information to other hospitals in a region, as well as Emergency Operations Centers (EOCs), 9-1-1 centers, and Emergency Medical Systems (EMS) responders via a Web-based tool.

The Hospital Availability Exchange standard was created to make sharing information about the state of hospitals for day-to-day and crisis use. Initially it was focused purely on hospitals but it has been extended to handle sharing information about the broader health network, including long-term care facilities, urgent care clinics, and temporary aid centers.

HAVE 1.0 was released on 22DEC2009. Since the release of HAVE 1.0 there have been multiple operational uses of HAVE, including after the 2010 Haiti Earthquake. In many of the operational uses

there were modified schema used to add services that were not in HAVE 1.0 and to convey other aspects of the data and to handle the sharing of information about non-hospital facilities (e.g. clinics, temporary locations). The use of the HAVE 1.0 standard was encouraging but the shortfalls needed to be addressed. To that end, in 2010 the OASIS EM-TC voted to re-open the HAVE standard with the goal of creating a HAVE 2.0 standard.

The HAVE data exchange standard goes hand in hand with the EDXL Tracking of Emergency Patients (TEP). A TEP-based data exchange collects data on patients from incident EMS first encounter and field hospital triage to EMS transport and patient registration at a definitive care facility such as a hospital emergency room. It can also be used for the routine transport of patients and for the evacuation of hospitals involving EMS transport and care. In all scenarios, it relieves the heavy administrative burden levied on staff to re-key patient information, often after the fact, enabling automatic and pro-active hospital preparedness. In September of 2016, a bidirectional transformation specification between TEP and HL7 messaging was completed. This enables the transformation of the TEP data taken by emergency response to automatically populate in hospital data systems.

HAVE supports the TEP standard by providing the data needed about available hospital resources to enable the informed routing decisions needed by EMS. In this way, the patients can be routed to the hospital with the facilities needed to support their needs. Given the TEP, the emergency room will be able to see the data about the incoming patient in order to best prepare for their optimal care. Both of these initiatives began with the Department of Homeland Security Science and Technology (DHS S&T) effort to identify the next most important data standards needed for emergency response. Practitioners in both the medical and emergency management domains were included in developing draft specifications after many facilitated sessions to include scenario working groups.

The National Association of Emergency Medical Services Officials (NASEMSO) is one organization that participated in the DHS S&T effort. In October 2015, NASEMSO issued a resolution to encourage the completion and implementation of the TEP and HAVE standards.

The DHS S&T effort concluded with two live exercises utilizing both TEP and HAVE (see next section).

The HAVE 2.0 will be coordinated with HL7 through the work of the Patient Administration Work Group. OASIS and HL7 intend to release a joint specification for the HAVE Standard under the Statement of Understanding between the organizations. The effective exchange and common data interoperability will enable both hospitals and other emergency agencies to respond to emergencies and disaster situations with greater efficiency and speed.

The TEP and HAVE Standards Have Been Proven Successful in Live Exercises

The draft TEP standard was successfully implemented by four independent systems: Tennessee's state EMS system and a local EMS system in Memphis, the state of Maryland EMS system, and the federal JPATS system. The Integrated Public Alerts and Warnings System (IPAWS) was plugged in as the message broker (the "post office" that routes data traffic where users need). State, local and federal agencies proved that these standards-based data exchanged work by plugging into existing major live-actor patient movement exercises at disaster sites, aircraft bases and hospitals.

- During a 2010 National Disaster Medical System (NDMS) patient movement exercise in Tennessee, data following patient movement from Maryland to Tennessee was exchanged in real time between the Maryland EMS system to JPATS then to the Tennessee State and Memphis EMS systems. All systems displayed the current data as if updates were completed directly in their system. EM Systems was used to compile and aggregate HAVE data from 3 different hospitals, which was used by emergency managers to route patients to the most appropriate destinations with the availability, capabilities and staff to provide care.
- Simultaneously with the FEMA National Level Exercise (NLE) in 2011, five states cooperated to track patient movement across them employing five different patient tracking systems. All systems, some commercially available and some home-grown, were able to track the data updates in their own systems.

At the 2012 Integrated Medical, Public Health, Preparedness and Response Training Summit, presenters from the DHS S&T Practitioner Steering Group moved volunteer patients through the room to different “states” and were able to display data updates across four independent systems including JPATS.

In these exercises and the 2012 demonstration, as each existing system automatically scanned, entered or updated patient data, that data was automatically shared in near real-time behind the scenes with no manual intervention, allowing users to view and report data in their own systems as if all data updates were made there. Using an aggregation of multiple hospital HAVE reports, emergency managers were able to route patients to appropriate destinations.

1.6 Structure of the EDXL Hospital Availability Exchange Specification

The EDXL-HAVE 2.0 standard document structure is defined using successively more detailed or constrained artifacts in the form of textual descriptions, diagrams, figures, tables and Appendices. The EDXL-HAVE XML Schema is provided separately. The overall structure of the EDXL-HAVE report is first represented in an Element Reference Model (ERM). The ERM is the foundation from which individual constraint schemas (individual situation report types) are defined.

The structure of the EDXL-HAVE standard is defined in the following sections:

- Section 2 summarizes the design principles of the standard and shows several usage scenarios;
- Section 3 provides an informal overview of EDXL-HAVE. In particular:
 - Section 3.1 presents an extensive definition of a HAVE report;
 - Section 3.2 describes essential supporting elements in the EDXL Common Types collection, including the use of EDXL Extensions;
 - Section 3.3 presents the Element Reference Model (ERM) which shows the abstract structural relationships of the main components of EDXL-HAVE;
 - Section 3.4 discusses how the distribution requirements for EDXL-HAVE messages may be met through several mechanisms, including EDXL-Distribution Element (DE) and as general data payloads;
 - Section 3.5 presents a summary of the elements that make up a HAVE message.
- Section 4 The Data Dictionary formally defines each element contained in the EDXL-HAVE standard message.
- Section 5 provides conformance information.

These sections together define the message structure, message element definitions, optionality and cardinality.

2 Design Principles & Concepts (non-normative)

Below are some of the guiding principles behind the development of EDXL-HAVE:

- Support day-to-day and crisis use of the standard.
- Facilitate sharing of information amongst the general public, all levels of government, first nation/tribal, international, and non-governmental organizations.
- Provide a simple information report that allows first responders, emergency managers, community leaders, politicians, and other stakeholders to get a quick glimpse of the state of the health network in a community.
- Provide a non-invasive way for a health facility to keep the communities that they serve abreast of developments that impact their ability to provide care.
- Be respectful of the boundaries of internal health facility information and the information that is relevant externally.
- Separation of EDXL-HAVE reports from being tied to a particular method of delivery.
- Use and reuse of data, content, and models developed by other initiatives that align with EDXL-HAVE.
- Provide a baseline set of services, operations, and resources to allow health facilities to start using HAVE quickly, while allowing for controlled extension where warranted.

2.1 Requirements for Design

The OASIS EM-TC tasked the EDXL-HAVE Sub-committee to review HAVE 1.0 and propose Errata, Minor, and Major versions. The initial tasking provided the following guidance:

EM EDXL-HAVE Sub-committee (EMHAVE)
Scope of Work After initial implementation of EDXL-HAVE by various parties, comments have been generated that identify potential improvement and revisions to the EDXL-HAVE standard. The EDXL-HAVE Sub-committee (EMHAVE) will request and examine existing comments regarding the EDXL-HAVE 1.0 standard with the aim of producing updates to the EDXL-HAVE standard including Errata, Minor or Major versions.
Purpose The subcommittee will research, analyze, recommend, and organize currently available information on implementation challenges or comments regarding the EDXL-HAVE standard version 1.0.
Deliverables <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The EMHAVE subcommittee will produce recommendations for additional errata, minor revisions, or major revisions to the EDXL-HAVE standard.2. Production of applicable committee draft documents based on the findings of #13. Schemas, examples, and additional documentation to support #2
Schedule Q2 - '10 – Request for comments for EDXL-HAVE. Analysis of comments to produce Deliverable #1 Q4 - '10 – Production of deliverables #2 & #3

Figure 1 - EM EDXL-HAVE SC Scope

2.2 Example Usage Scenarios

The following scenarios illustrate how EDXL-HAVE 2.0 can be used in the field.

2.2.1 Day-to-Day – Dialysis Patient:

On a routine pickup a social worker picks up an elderly patient that needs routine maintenance. Normally the dialysis is performed at the closest facility, but the social worker knows that the small facility's dialysis unit is not operating due to an equipment failure. A quick query to view the local health facilities presents several within a 20-minute drive, so the social worker places a call and coordinates with one of the alternate facilities.

2.2.2 First Responder – Responding with Critical Care

As the result of a multi-unit residential fire, ambulances are dispatched and the Incident Commander indicates that there are 2 critical and 3 serious burn victims. The nearest hospital can only take in 2 burn victims normally, but the current state of the burn unit is not known. By examining the state of the local facilities, officials can coordinate which victims are to be taken to the surrounding health facilities.

2.2.3 Mass-Scale Vaccination Clinics

Under pandemic conditions a community is implementing a vaccination program with the hospitals, urgent care clinics, private clinics, and temporary clinics providing vaccinations. The public, key officials, and the media can have immediate visibility into the wait times and service availability at each of the vaccination sites. EDXL-HAVE provides the ability to display service availability for each facility, referenced on a map, by colour code and to provide an indication of wait times if they are available.

2.2.4 Disaster Response:

Following a major earthquake in the developing world, NGOs, various government responders, and local officials (and non-officials) establish temporary health-care facilities to meet the urgent and non-urgent health needs of those injured or killed by the earthquake and ensuing issues. Coordination of multiple dimensions are critical: what services are available, what is the capacity of the facilities, what resources they are missing or can share, where are the facilities located, who are the official points of contacts, what agency is running the facility, what are the hours operation, etc.

As the event unfolds there is a Cholera outbreak due to damaged sanitation. There is a clear need identified to track 2 particular services (e.g. Cholera Vaccination and Cholera Treatment) that were too specific to be part of the default HAVE 2.0 services taxonomy. After a meeting of the coordinating agencies, the data being shared is extended to include Cholera Vaccination and Cholera Treatment services, including the standard metrics (capacity, colour code for status, etc.)

3 EDXL HAVE

Section 3 of this Standard is **normative unless otherwise stated**. If any differences are found between any XML schema and its associated model, diagram, table or other artifact or text, then the XML schema shall always take precedence and the other artifact(s) must be changed to match the XML schema.

Note: Please report any such errors to OASIS.

3.1 HAVE Report Definition (non-normative)

The HAVE Report is a single EDXL message that is intended to provide sharing of the services, operations, and capacities of health facilities. Health facilities in HAVE include hospitals, urgent care clinics, temporary facilities, and other facilities that may provide health services for a community.

Typical actors:

- Senders – hospital administrators, hospital networks, health providers, NGOs, clinic administrators, and emergency medical services, etc.
- Recipients – first responders, dispatch operators, emergency managers, automated systems, etc.

3.2 Supporting Elements (non-normative)

3.2.1 Common Types

Supporting Element Types borrow re-usable elements from the EDXL Common Types (ct:) that apply to and support multiple areas of the HAVE 2.0 reports, such as Location. For instance incidentLocation relies on ct:EDXLLocationType, which consists of either EDXLGeoLocation for geographical information or EDXLGeoPoliticalLocation for geopolitical information. EDXLGeoLocation is of type edxl-gsf:EDXLGeoLocationType and EDXLGeoPoliticalLocation is of type ct:EDXLGeoPoliticalLocationType. This latter type consists of either a GeoCode (of type ct:ValueListType) or an Address (of type edxl-ciq:xAL:AddressType).

The following elements are used in this specification and can be found at the locations cited in the normative references in Section 1.2 of this document.

Supporting Element/Type	Defined In
ct:EDXLDateTimeType	EDXL-CT (Simple Types)
ct:EDXLStringType	EDXL-CT (Simple Types)
ct:ValueListURIType	EDXL-CT (Simple Types)
ct:ValueType	EDXL-CT (Simple Types)
ct:ValueListType	EDXL-CT (Complex Types)
ct:ValueKeyType	EDXL-CT (Complex Types)
ct:EDXLGeoPoliticalLocationType	EDXL-CT (Complex Types)
ct:EDXLLocationType	EDXL-CT (Complex Types)
gsf:EDXLGeoLocationType	EDXL-GSF
ct:ValueListURI	EDXL-CT (Top Level Elements)

Supporting Element/Type	Defined In
xal:addressType	EDXL-CIQ

Some elements of the common type “ct:EDXLStringType” are denoted as [token] in the accompanying XML per the following reference:

[token] N. Freed, XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition, <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/#token>, W3C REC-xmlschema-2, October 2004.

The definition for token as found in the OASIS common types is: “The value space of **token** is the set of strings that do not contain the carriage return (#xD), line feed (#xA) nor tab (#x9) characters, that have no leading or trailing spaces (#x20) and that have no internal sequences of two or more spaces.”

The implication is that the XML parser will change string entries to remove carriage returns, line feeds, tab characters, leading or trailing spaces, and internal sequences of two or more spaces.

3.2.2 Selecting Values from Lists

The ValueList and ValueKey types are part of the EDXL Common Types collection. They allow standards adopters to use topic specific lists of values for elements such as externalCode alternateCodeValue, etc.. Both types have identical structure, but ValueList allows for selection of multiple values [1..*] in the list, whereas ValueKey allows for selection of only one [1..1] value in the list.

When using a ValueList / ValueKey structure the user can specify a user-defined list by URI (either using the “urn:...” format or the more familiar “http://...” format) and then include user-defined values from that list. This structure has several advantages: (a) it provides flexibility for local communities to use community-defined terms and vocabulary; (b) it allows for the external maintenance of local or standardized lists; and (c) it avoids the problems inherent in attempting to constantly update hard-coded enumerations in a specification.

An existing vetted list should be referenced for defaults, but users could also reference their own value list

3.2.3 ValueKeyType

The schema for ValueKeyType is defined as

```
<xs:complexType name="ValueKeyType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="ct:ValueListURI" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element ref="ct:Value" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

and its application to the XML description of an element *elementName* of type ct:ValueKeyType would be:

```
<elementName>
  <ct:ValueListURI>valueListURI</ct:ValueListURI>
  <ct:Value>value</ct:Value>
</elementName>
```

This example uses a published list of values and definitions and selects one specific entry to describe a resource need of a facility:

- *valueListURI* = <https://www.medwish.org/give/medical-supplies/>
- *value* = Bandages

which stands for

```
<resourceKind>
  <ct:ValueListURI>https://www.medwish.org/give/medical-supplies/</ct:ValueListURI>
  <ct:Value>Bandages</ct:Value>
</resourceKind>
```

Following the approach in ValueList, we'd point ValueListURI to some other list to make a different selection of eye colors available.

3.2.4 EDXL Extensions

HAVE 2.0 supports supplemental inclusion of community-defined sets of name/value pairs, referred to here as "Community Extensions" or simply "Extensions" for short. For example, the HAVE Status element contains a stability field, which indicates if the status is stable, improving, or deteriorating. The "Extension" concept would allow a sender to augment this information with a qualifier, such as "rapidly" or "slowing", providing finer grain detail on the situation. The "Community Extensions" concept solves several major problems for improving information sharing and developing standards for the emergency management community. First, the nature of emergencies is that the unexpected will happen and emergency managers need flexibility to send whatever information is needed. Second, an emergency begins and often stays local, so local authorities and users need control to send the information they decide is important to address the current emergency. Third, communities need the opportunity to explore potential new standards. The parameter name/value extension mechanism, along with the registration and best practice guidance, provides an on-ramp for communities to determine what works well for them. The Community Extensions that are most successful can be incorporated formally into future standards.

Typical needs are:

1. Standard augmentation: community adds new information that is associated with the EDXL standard. Examples: adding HL7 translation information to the HAVE payload.
2. List augmentation: community adds new values (enumerations) to the default set of values in the standard. Example: adding community-specific information to the ServiceType element.

In HAVE 2.0, "Extensions" are used under the following elements:

- ServiceType
- ResourceInformationType
- OperationType
- OffloadInfoType
- TraumaCenterLevelType

The schema for Extension is defined as

```
<xs:element name="extension">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="community" type="xs:anyURI" />
      <xs:element name="id" type="xs:anyURI" />
      <xs:element name="parameter" type="ext:ParameterType"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
```

```

        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

and its application to the XML description of an extension would be:

```

<extension>
  <community>communityURI</community>
  <id>idURI</id>
  <parameter>
    <nameURI>nameURI</nameURI>
    <value>some value</value>
  </parameter>
</extension>

```

This example uses a qualify for status stability for a service:

- *community* = facility:service:status:refined
- *id* = extension:1
- *parameter-nameURI* = have:service:status
- *parameter-value* = Rapidly

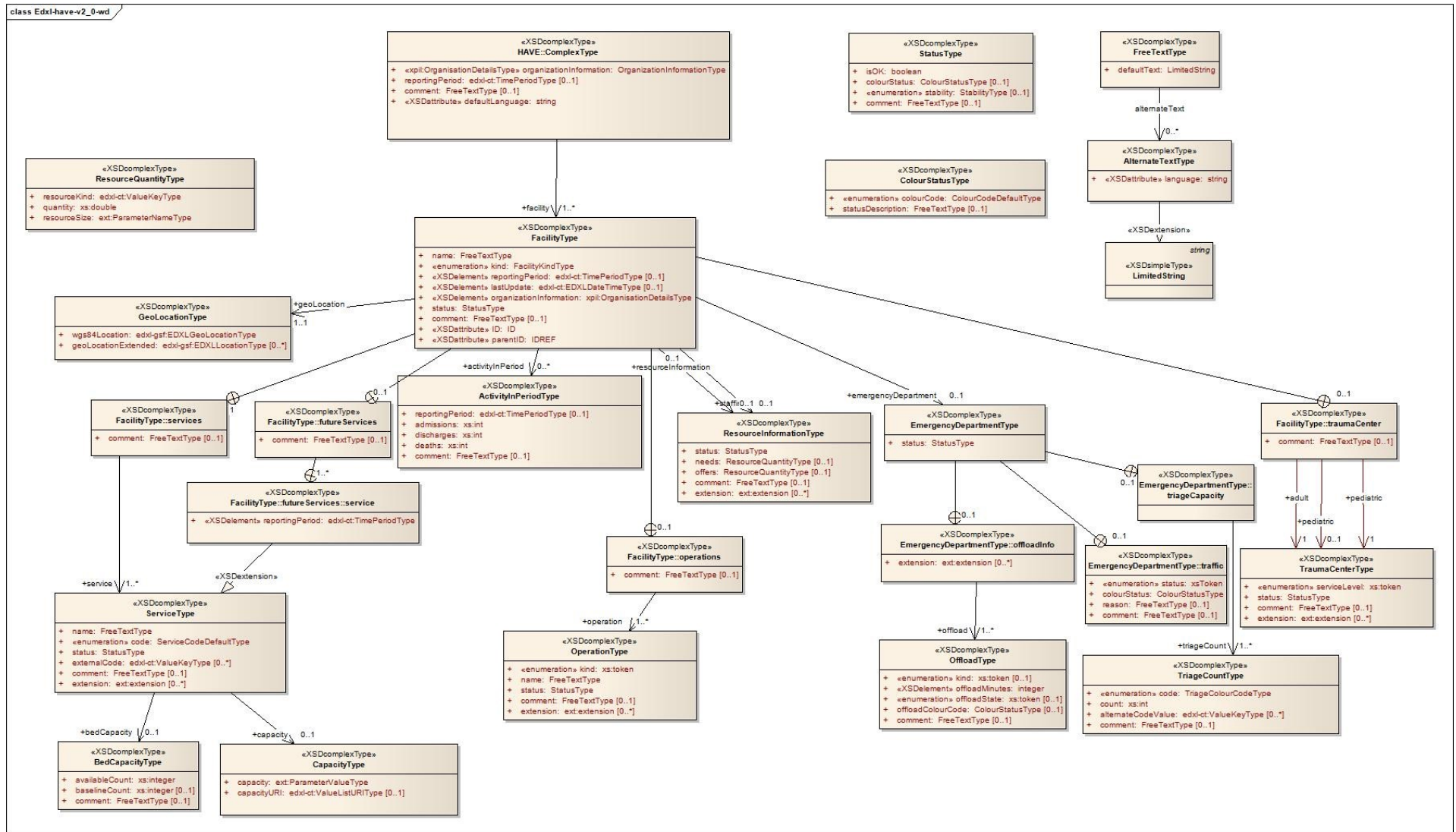
which stands for

```

<extension>
  <community>facility:service:status:refined</community>
  <id>extension:1</id>
  <parameter>
    <nameURI>have:service:status</nameURI>
    <value>Rapidly</value>
  </parameter>
</extension>

```

3.3 Element Reference Model (non-normative)



3.4 Distribution of EDXL-HAVE (non-normative)

HAVE messages are intended to be payloads of various messaging and/or delivery systems. Messaging systems such as EDXL-DE can treat a HAVE message as a payload. Similarly, non-message-based systems (e.g. RESTful web service) can deliver a HAVE message just as easily. An individual facility may provide an up-to-date report via a web service. An aggregator could poll the facilities that are of interest for a particular reason, or in a Publish-Subscribe scenario, subscribe to the facilities of interest.

3.5 HAVE Elements

A HAVE message consists of an organization that uniquely identifies the organization that is responsible for the reporting facilities, a reporting period (**reportingPeriod** – *optional*) that identifies reporting period applicable for this HAVE report, and a group of elements (**facility** – *required*) that uniquely identifies and describes the facility's status including

- facility name and location,
- overall facility status, ..
- services, ..
- operations, ..
- resources, ..
- staffing, ..
- and emergency department.

These elements are detailed further in the Element Reference Model (Section 3.3) and in the Data Dictionary (Section 4).

4 Data Dictionary

This Data Dictionary specifically references the document EDXL_HAVE_Requirements_12232005 publicly available at https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/document.php?document_id=16400&wg_abbrev=emergency This is the source to which the 'Requirements Supported' row in each element entry refers. Since the Requirements are numbered, we cite the Requirement number that the entry supports.

4.1.1 HAVE

Element	HAVE
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Top Level item for Hospital AVailability Exchange (HAVE) message.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Provides context to the HAVE report
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">organizationInformationreportingPeriodfacilityremarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Number 1.

Element	organizationInformation
Type	OrganizationInformationType [xpil:OrganisationDetailsType]
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Information of the Organization that is responsible for the reporting of these facilities.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Based on [xpil:OrganisationDetailsType]
Constraints	Specific information includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">OrganisationNameAddressesContactNumbers

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ElectronicAddressIdentifiers • OrganisationInfo
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2.

Element	reportingPeriod
Type	edxl-ct:TimePeriodType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The reporting period applicable for the HAVE root element and called the "current reporting period" typically a 24-hr period but the duration may change for operational reasons. If blank the assumption is that the file is for "today" - local to the issuer.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	Must use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fromDateTime • toDateTime
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	facility
Type	FacilityType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used more than once
Definition	A list of facilities that comprise the detail of this HAVE message.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	remarks
----------------	---------

Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Provides context to the HAVE report.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

Attribute	defaultLanguage
Type	xs:string
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Tag specifying the language that is used throughout the document. Tag MUST comply RFC3066. Free text within the document will be assumed to be in this defaultLanguage. Example: "en_US"
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Number 1.

4.1.2 FacilityType

Element	FacilityType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once.
Definition	The set of information details that define a facility..
Comment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> name kind

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reportingPeriod • lastUpdate • organizationInformation • geoLocation • status • services • futureServices • activityInPeriod • operations • resourceInformation • staffing • emergencyDepartment • traumaCenter • remarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	name
Type	FreeTextType [LimitedString (restriction base: xs:string)]
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Name of facility.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	kind
Type	FacilityKindType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The kind of facility (e.g. Hospital, Long Term Care, Seniors Residence, Temporary Clinic).
Comments	•

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	reportingPeriod
Type	edxl-ct:TimePeriodType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The reporting period applicable for this Facility element and the "current reporting period" typically a 24-hr period but the duration may change for operational reasons. If this value is not provided the HAVE message reporting period will be assumed.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	Must use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fromDateTime • toDateTime
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	lastUpdate
Type	edxl-ct:EDXLDateTimeType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The reporting period applicable for this HAVE report and called the "current reporting period" typically a 24-hr period but the duration may change for operational reasons. If blank the assumption is that the file is for "today" - local to the issuer
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	organizationInformation
----------------	-------------------------

Type	xpil:OrganisationDetailsType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Administrative and Organizational information about the Facility.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2.

Element	geoLocation
Type	GeoLocationType (restriction base: edxl-gsf:EDXLGeoLocationType)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The single geometry that represents the Facility location. A WGS84 SRS element is mandatory. Alternate SRS geometry elements can be provided. If alternate geometry elements are provided they should reflect the same physical location.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MUST include a <wgs84Location> element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SRS attribute MUST be "http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSG/0/4326". • MAY include one or more <geoLocationExtended> elements.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 10.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The overall status of the Facility. This value is intended to provide a high-level summary status of the Facility from the perspective of the person responsible for the Facility. The particulars driving that Facility status should be provided where appropriate (Services, Operations, etc.). Comments (comment element) should be used to provide only the high-level summary.

Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	services
Type	ServicesType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Container element of all the elements of service coverage. This includes both the necessary staff and facilities. Indicator of the availability of specialty service coverage.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	futureServices
Type	FutureServicesType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Optional list of Service Capabilities in future for planned or ramping up (or down) of capabilities to accomodate surge needs or degraded capabilities. 0...n
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	activityInPeriod
Type	ActivityInPeriodType

Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Provides a set of summaries of activity that has occurred in the indicated reporting period. This item is intended to provide a very high-level of facility activity.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	operations
Type	OperationsType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Provides a taxonomy-based list of operations that describe the operations of the Facility. Operations are the inward-facing capabilities that a Facility requires to run (e.g. HVAC, power, quarantine, Emergency Operations Centre).
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	resourceInformation
Type	ResourceInformationType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Staffing provides an indication of the staffing status and any needs or offers of this facility.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	staffing
Type	ResourceInformationType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Staffing provides an indication of the staffing status and any needs or offers of this facility.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18.

Element	emergencyDepartment
Type	EmergencyDepartmentType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Report on the emergency department status for the organization.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11.

Element	traumaCenter
Type	TraumaCenterType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Type of the trauma center for the organization.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 11, 17.

Supported	
-----------	--

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context to the FacilityType..
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

Attribute	ID
Type	xs:ID
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	A unique identifier for this Facility. This value should be unique globally, but MUST be unique from the sender perspective.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Number 1, 3.

Attribute	parentID
Type	xs:IDREF
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once.
Definition	Reference to the ID of the Facility that is the parent (owner, manager, responsible, etc.) of this Facility. This field is optional and used to provide hierarchy for formal facility organizations.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Number 1, 3.

4.1.3 BedCapacityType

Element	BedCapacityType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Top level complex schema type defining bed capacity counts (available/baseline) given a specific type of bed.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> availableCount baselineCount comment
Requirements Supported	Requirement Number 1, 13, 14.

Element	availableCount
Type	xs:integer
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The number of vacant/available beds to which patients can be immediately supported. These must include supporting space, equipment, medical material, ancillary and support services and staff to operate under normal circumstances. These beds are licensed, physically available and have staff on hand to attend to the patient who occupies the bed. NEGATIVE values means the service is operating beyond normal capacity.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements	Requirement Number 1, 13, 14.

Supported	
-----------	--

Element	baselineCount
Type	xs:integer
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The maximum (baseline) number of beds in this category.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 13, 14.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context for the BedCapacityType.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

4.1.4 StabilityType

Element	StabilityType
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:string)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Indication of stability - positive/improving, negative/deteriorating, neutral/stable.

Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<p>MUST use one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stable -- Stable/unchanging - conditions remain within norms and are not out of normal patterns • improving -- Conditions are improving towards normal • deteriorating -- Conditions are deviating negatively from normal
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

4.1.5 OffLoadKind Element

Element	OffLoadKind
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	<p>MUST use one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • land • air • other
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.6 OffloadStateKind Element

Element	OffloadStateKind
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	<p>MUST use one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • normal • delayed

Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.7 OffloadType

Element	OffloadType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Indicator of offload times of ambulance capabilities. The time it takes transfer care of a patient to hospital staff, thereby freeing the transport for assignment.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • kind • offloadMinutes • offloadState • offloadColourCode • remarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	kind
Type	OffloadKind [xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)]
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The mode of transport for offload (land, air, other).
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Default: land
Constraints	MUST use one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • land

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • air • other
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	offloadMinutes
Type	xs:integer
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Average offload time in minutes.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	offloadColourCode
Type	ColourStatusType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Colour (text-based) of the Offload capabilities status. By default triage colours of green, yellow, orange, red, black are supported.
Comments	• —
Constraints	• —
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType

Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context to the OffloadType
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

4.1.8 OrganizationInformationType

Element	OrganizationInformationType
Type	xs:complexType [xpil:OrganisationDetailsType]
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used more than once
Definition	The container element for organization information elements.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10.

4.1.9 StatusType

Element	StatusType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Complex Type to provide status information: OK (yes/no), colour code, Stability, and commentary.
Comments	•
Constraints	•

Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • isOK • colourStatus • stability • comments
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 11, 12. 15, 16, 17.

Element	isOK
Type	xs:boolean
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Is the service/capability available/functioning/adequate? True = yes, false = no.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 11, 12. 15, 16, 17.

Element	colourStatus
Type	ColourStatusType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Colour (text-based) of the status. By default triage colours of green, yellow, orange, red, black are supported. Element colourStatus can apply to Facility, Services, and Operations.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 11, 12. 15, 16, 17.

Element	stability
----------------	-----------

Type	StabilityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Indication that the Status is stable, improving, or deteriorating
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<p>MUST use one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stable -- Stable/unchanging - conditions remain within norms and are not out of normal patterns • improving -- Conditions are improving towards normal • deteriorating -- Conditions are deviating negatively from normal
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context to the OffloadType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

Element	comments
Type	FreeTextType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context to StatusType.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 17, 19.

4.1.10 ServiceType

Element	ServiceType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Extensible Service Type for providing detail on a health Service that the Facility provides
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> name code status externalCode bedCapacity capacity remarks ref="ext:extension"
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	name
Type	FreeTextType [LimitedString (restriction base: xs:string)]
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The human-readable name of the service that is being described.

Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

Element	code
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: ServiceCodeDefaultType)
Usage	REQUIRED , must be used once and only once
Definition	See ServiceCodeDefaultType
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Describes the status of the service.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type.
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	externalCode
----------------	--------------

Type	edxl-ct:ValueKeyType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be more than once
Definition	Allows an external system to place its own equivalent code for the service.code value. This allows external systems to correlate their data directly in the HAVE report.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

Element	bedCapacity
Type	BedCapacityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	An indication of the bed capacity that the facility makes available for the community to know. It reflects fully staffed and equipped beds. intention here is to provide an external view of where beds may be available in health network. The intent is not for HAVE to become a hospital administration tool.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 13, 14.

Element	capacity
Type	CapacityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Indicates the capacity status of this particular service..
Comments	•
Constraints	•

Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 13, 14.
------------------------	--------------------------------

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Textual description of Service situation.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 17, 19.

Element	ext:extension See Section 3.2.4 EDXL Extensions
Type	
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Provides extensibility for adding elements to the ServiceType
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 16.

4.1.11 ResourceInformationType

Element	ResourceInformationType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once

Definition	Complex Type to be used for tracking Resource state (status, needs, offers). Allows extension to handle specific information that is non-HAVE (e.g. NIEM payloads, lookups for interoperability with other systems).
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> status needs offers remarks ext:extension
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once.
Definition	Overall resource status of the facility.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	needs
Type	ResourceQuantityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Resource Needs.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses <resourceNeeds>element

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	resourceNeed
Type	ResourceQuantityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Identifies a need for a particular resource.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Used by <needs> element
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	offers
Type	ResourceQuantityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Resource Offers (resources that can be made available to other Facilities).
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses <resourceOffers> element
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	resourceOffer
Type	ResourceQuantityType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Indicates the amount of this particular resource on offer.

Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Used by <offers> element
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context for the ResourceInformationType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 17, 19.

Element	ext:extension See Section 3.2.4 EDXL Extensions
Type	
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Used to add elements to the ResourceInformationType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 16.

4.1.12 ResourceQuantityType

Element	ResourceQuantityType
Type	xs:complexType

Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Type for stating a quantity of a particular kind of resource.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The examples below for resourceKind, quantity, and resourceSize reflect the availability (or request) for 4 Boxes of Small Gloves (200 gloves in each box).
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> resourceKind quantity resourceSize remarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	resourceKind
Type	edxl-ct:ValueKeyType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The kind (type) of resource that the quantity refers to. (e.g. "Latex Gloves")
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	quantity
Type	xs:double
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The quantity of the particular Resource. (e.g. "4 boxes")
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">

Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.
------------------------	---

Element	resourceSize
Type	ext:ParameterNameType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Quantity and Unit of measure (e.g. "Box of 200 Size Small")
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Textual description of Resource quantity.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.13 ColourStatusType

Element	ColourStatusType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once

Definition	Type that allows the structured use of colour-codes to portray state.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • colourCode • statusDescription
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	colourCode
Type	ColourCodeDefaultType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Colour (text-based) of the status. By default triage colours of green, yellow, orange, red, black are supported.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	statusDescription
Type	FreeTextType [LimitedString (restriction base: xs:string)]
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Human-readable text describing the reason for selection of the particular colour-code.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

4.1.14 ServiceCodeDefaultType

Element	ServiceCodeDefaultType
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: edxl-ct:ValueType)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Enumerated list of default service codes
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • airborneInfectionIsolation • burnUnit (Burn Center services.) • cardiology (Cardiology services.) • cardiology.invasive (Cardiology with invasive capabilities.) • cardiology.noninvasive (Cardiology with NO invasive capabilities.) • cardiology.mi.STEMI (STEMI support.) • cardiology.mi.nonSTEMI (NO STEMI support.) • cardiology.telemetry (For remote monitoring of cardiology telemetry data for patient.) • dialysis (Dialysis services.) • emergencyDepartment • hyperBaricChamber (Hyperbaric Chamber) • infectiousDisease (Infectious Disease Service.) • intensiveCare.adult (Adult ICU services.) • intensiveCare.neonatal (Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (ICU) services.) • intensiveCare.pediatric (Pediatric Intensive Care Unit (ICU) services.) • intermediateCare (For low-risk, chronically or critically ill patients.) • neonatology (Neonatology) • neurology (Neurology Services.) • neurology.invasive (Neurology-Invasive services, including invasive catheterization.) • neurology.noninvasive (Neurology-Non-Invasive services with no invasive catheterization capability.) • obgyn (OBGYN services.) • obgyn.withLaborDelivery (OBGYN with labor delivery.) • obgyn.withoutLaborDelivery (OBGYN without labor delivery capabilities.) • operatingRooms • ophthalmology (Ophthalmology services.) • orthopedic (Orthopedic services.)

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pediatrics (Pediatrics services.) • psychiatric (Psychiatric services.) • surgery (Surgery capabilities.) • surgery.adultGeneral (General Adult surgery capabilities.) • surgery.pediatrics (General Pediatric surgery capabilities.) • surgery.orthopedics (Orthopedic surgery capabilities.) • surgery.neurosurgery (Neurosurgery capabilities.) • surgery.facial (Facial surgery capabilities.) • surgery.cardiothoracic (Cardiothoracic surgery capabilities.) • surgery.hand (Hand surgery capabilities.) • surgery.reimplantation (Reimplantation surgery capabilities.) • surgery.spinal (Spinal surgery capabilities.) • surgery.vascular (Vascular surgery capabilities.) • surgery.anesthesia (Anesthesia services.) • traumaCenter (TraumaCenter.)
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17.

4.1.15 CapacityType

Element	CapacityType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Extensible list (name/value pair) for Service capacity. See the HAVE 2.0 standard document for a suggested list of capacities.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • capacity • capacityURI
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 13, 14.

Element	capacity
---------	----------

Type	ext:ParameterValueType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	An indication of the maximum availability of a measureable resource.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 13, 14.

Element	capacityURI
Type	edxl-ct:ValueListURIType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	A reference to more detailed information about the capacity of the service.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14.

4.1.16 TriageCountType

Element	TriageCountType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The number of each triage patient type the overall hospital currently has by colour code
Comments	•
Constraints	•

Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> code count alternateCodeValue comment
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	code
Type	TriageColourCodeType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	<p>Triage Colour Codes (RED, YELLOW, GREEN, BLACK, none) for capacity purposes. The list of values must be from the list identified in TriageCodeListURN.</p> <p>Default Values</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> red: Number of victims with immediate needs yellow: Number of victims with delayed needs green: Number of victims with minor needs black: Number of deceased victims.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If a TriageCountType/code value is specified, a TriageCountType/count element must be specified.
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 6.

Element	count
Type	xs:int
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The number of patients of this code type.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">

Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.
------------------------	--

Element	alternateCodeValue
Type	edxl-ct:ValueKeyType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once more than once
Definition	There are a large number of Triage systems in use. Many use numbering systems (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Triage#Tags) and colours. The premise of HAVE is that we will share the general state with the broad emergency community who may not know the intimate details of a triage system, but understand the general concepts that Red=urgent, Green=walking wounded, Black=Dead/Lost (already dead or untreatable). The alternateCodeValues element is intended to be used by these systems. Providing the ValueListURI and Value will mapping of external systems to the base HAVE Triage colour codes.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 6.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context for the TriageCountType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.17 ActivityInPeriodType

Element	ActivityInPeriodType
---------	----------------------

Type	xs:complexType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	ActivityInPeriodType gathers information about the admissions, discharges, and deaths in a time period
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reportingPeriod • admissions • discharges • deaths • remarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	reportingPeriod
Type	edxl-ct:TimePeriodType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The time period (From -- To) that the activity occurred in. If this element is not included the reportingPeriod at the Facility level should be assumed to define the time range.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<p>Must use</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fromDateTime • toDateTime
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	admissions
Type	xs:int
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once

Definition	Number of admissions in the period.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	discharges
Type	xs:int
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Number of Discharges in the period.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	deaths
Type	xs:int
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Number of Deaths in the period.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType

Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary of the activity in period.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.18 TriageColourCodeType

Element	TriageColourCodeType
Type	xs:simpleType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	MUST use one of the following values <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • red (RED Triage - Immediate attention for Triage.) • yellow (YELLOW Triage - Needs medical attention after RED/Immediate.) • green (GREEN Triage - Walking wounded or self-treatable.) • black (BLACK Triage - Lost/Dead.)
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

4.1.19 FreeTextType

Element	FreeTextType
Type	LimitedString
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	A restricted text block for preserving whitespace but limiting length to 1024 characters based on the “LimitedString” type. Intended to discourage lengthy descriptions.
Comments	•

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> defaultText alternateText
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	defaultText
Type	LimitedString
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Text in the language specified by the HAVE message's defaultLanguage attribute.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

Element	alternateText
Type	AlternateTextType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Text in alternate language, for use when the language is other than that specified by the defaultLanguage tag of the root HAVE element.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supports multiple languages in addition to the default language of the HAVE message. The meaning of the alternateText should be a translation of the defaultText element.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

4.1.20 AlternateTextType

Element	AlternateTextType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	See Usage for elements of type AlternateTextType.
Definition	Allows for non default language to be used and is a LimitedString language attribute for this element. Attribute value for language MUST comply with RFC3066.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11.

4.1.21 FacilityOperationKind Element

Element	FacilityOperationKind
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Must use one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• plant (Plant - the key equipment and capabilities needed to operate the facility (e.g. HVAC, cafeteria).)• security (Security operations for facility (e.g. patrol, surveillance).)• staffing (Staff-related operations (e.g. medical personnel, support staffing, administrative).)• emergency (Emergency Department operations.)
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

4.1.22 OperationType

Element	OperationType
----------------	---------------

Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Gathers information about a particular operation type including the kind (taxonomy driven), name (human readable representations), status, and commentary.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • name • status • remarks • ext:extension
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	kind
Type	FacilityOperationKind
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The high-level kind of operation that is being reported on (plant, security, staffing, or emergency).
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	name
Type	FreeTextType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The name of the operation that is being reported on (e.g. "Food Services").
Comments	•

Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The status of the Operation.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on the Operation.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	ext:extension See Section 3.2.4 EDXL Extensions
Type	
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once

Definition	Used to add elements to the OperationType
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 16.

4.1.23 ColourCodeDefaultType

Element	ColourCodeDefaultType
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: edxl-ct:EDXLStringType)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	MUST use one of the following <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • red (RED - severe/extreme deviation from normal condition. Marks a noted exception from normal conditions.) • yellow (YELLOW - moderate deviation from normal condition but not at SEVERE/EXTREME level.) • green (GREEN - normal conditions.)
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.24 FacilityKindType

Element	FacilityKindType
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: edxl-ct:EDXLStringType)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	MUST use one of the following <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hospital • longTermCare • urgentCareClinic • temporaryFacility • other

Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

4.1.25 TraumaCenterLevelKind

Element	TraumaCenterLevelKind
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	MUST use one of the following <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • level1 (Level 1 Trauma Services.) • level2 (Level 2 Trauma Services.) • level3 (Level 3 Trauma Services.) • no trauma (Level 4 Trauma Services.)
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.26 LimitedString

Element	LimitedString
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:string)
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Text block for preserving whitespace but limiting length to 1024 characters.
Comments	•
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • xs:whitespace = "0" • xs:maxLength = "1024"
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 15, 16, 17.

4.1.27 GeoLocationType

Element	GeoLocationType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Used to provide accurate geospatial information about location.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> wgs84Location geoLocationExtended
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 10.

Element	wgs84Location
Type	xs:complexType (extension base: edxl-gsf:EDXLGeoLocationType)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The location of the facility in WGS84 coordinates. The values in this element must use the WGS84 (EPSG:4326) values. This element is mandatory to ensure compatibility globally. If alternate SRS are needed, use the geoLocationExtended elements to support 1 or more SRS that are needed in your community. FUTURE versions of HAVE may support additional or alternate globally supported SRS.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>srsName</i> attribute is set to a fixed value of http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/EPSSG/0/4326 <i>srsName</i> is the GML Spatial Reference System Name.
Constraints	
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 10.

Element	geoLocationExtended
---------	---------------------

Type	xs:complexType (extension base: edxl-gsf:EDXLGeoLocationType)
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	The location of the facility in non-WGS84 (EPSG:4326) coordinates. These alternate (and optional) coordinates are intended for the purposes of systems that require the sending system to provide specialize SRS coordinates.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> attribute srsName is required
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 10.

4.1.28 TrafficStatusKind

Element	TrafficStatusKind
Type	xs:simpleType (restriction base: xs:token)
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	<p>MUST use one of the following</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> normal (Traffic is at levels that are within norms.) advisory (Traffic levels are high enough to warrant notifying the that the facility is experiencing higher than expected traffic. closed (Facility is not accepting patient traffic.)
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

4.1.29 OffloadInfoType

Element	OffloadInfoType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once

Definition	Provides information about offload.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • offload • ext:extension
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	offload
Type	OffloadType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used more than once
Definition	The particular offload mode, status, and other information for the facility.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	ext:extension See Section 3.2.4 EDXL Extensions
Type	
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Used to add elements to the OffloadInfoType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 16.

4.1.30 EmergencyDepartmentType

Element	EmergencyDepartmentType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The container of all of the elements related to the emergency department status. It describes the ability of this emergency department to treat patients.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> status offloadInfo traffic triageCapacity
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 17, 18.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Status of the Emergency Department.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	offloadInfo
Type	OffloadInfoType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once

Definition	Information about the Offload state for various modes of transport (Ambulance, Air Ambulance)
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18

Element	traffic
Type	TrafficType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	Ability of this emergency department to receive patients via emergency medical services.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	triageCapacity
Type	TriageCapacityType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The number of each triage patient type the hospital can accept.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.31 TriageCapacityType

Element	TriageCapacityType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The Count for a particular triage level.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

4.1.32 TrafficType

Element	TrafficType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Provides context for the TriageCountType
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> status colourStatus reason remarks
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	status
Type	TrafficStatusKind

Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The operating status of the Emergency Department (normal, advisory, closed).
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	colourStatus
Type	ColourStatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Colour-code status for the Emergency Department.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	reason
Type	FreeTextType [LimitedString (restriction base: xs:string)]
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	The rationale for the colourStatus. It is used to report the contributing factor to an EMSTraffic Status.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17.

Element	remarks
----------------	---------

Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on the traffic status.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.33 TraumaCenterLevelType

Element	TraumaCenterLevelType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Container for Trauma Center Information. Information provided about the Trauma Center (e.g. Trauma Center Level, status, commentary, etc.)
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> serviceLevel status remarks ext:extension
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	serviceLevel
Type	TraumaCenterLevelKind
Usage	REQUIRED MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Trauma Center Level - 1 through 3 (I through III) per American of Surgeons. Beyond Level 3 there is no global standard but this is a good approximation.

Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	status
Type	StatusType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The status of the Facility Trauma Center.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please see the StatusType definition, including sub-element details, for full explanation and guidance on this data type.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on the trauma center status.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Element	ext:extension See Section 3.2.4 EDXL Extensions
Type	

Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Used to add elements to the TraumaCenterLevelType.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 16.

4.1.34 ServicesType

Element	ServicesType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Specifies information about a service. Container for a list of Services offered by a Facility.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • service • comment
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	service
Type	ServiceType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used more than once
Definition	Service provides a description of a particular service - availability, capacity, and status.
Comments	•
Constraints	•

Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.
------------------------	--

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on all of the services.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.35 FutureServicesType

Element	FutureServicesType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MAY be used more than once
Definition	ServiceListItem provides a description of a particular service - availability, capacity, and status.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	service
Type	ServiceType
Usage	OPTIONAL, MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Service provides a description of a particular service - availability, capacity, and status.

Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-element	• reportingPeriod
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	reportingPeriod
Type	edxl-ct:TimePeriodType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	The Reporting Period (interval between a from time and to time) applying to the future Service.
Comments	•
Constraints	Must use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fromDateTime • toDateTime
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 8.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on the all of the future services.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.36 OperationsType

Element	OperationsType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Information about operations in a facility.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • operation • comment
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Element	operation
Type	OperationType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST used once and only once
Definition	Operation that facility provides in the context of key areas such as Clinical Operations, Security Operations, Facility Operations.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3.

Element	remarks
Type	edxl-ct:RemarksType
Usage	OPTIONAL , MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on all of the operations.

Comments	•
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

4.1.37 TraumaCenterType

Element	TraumaCenterType
Type	xs:complexType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Trauma Center Level of this facility. The Choice/Sequence approach here allows for at least one of Adult or Pediatric Trauma Center Levels to be provided.
Comments	•
Constraints	•
Sub-elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult • pediatric
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	adult
Type	TraumaCenterLevelType
Usage	REQUIRED , MUST be used once and only once
Definition	Adult Trauma Services detail.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Choice/Sequence approach used here allows for at least one of Adult or Pediatric Trauma Center Levels to be provided.
Constraints	•
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

Element	pediatric
Type	TraumaCenterLevelType
Usage	OPTIONAL REQUIRED , MUST MAY be used once and only once
Definition	General comment/summary on all of the operations.
Comments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Choice/Sequence approach used here allows for at least one of Adult or Pediatric Trauma Center Levels to be provided.
Constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Requirements Supported	Requirement Numbers 1, 3, 4, 6, 11, 17, 18.

5 Conformance

5.1 Conformance Targets

The two following conformance targets are defined in order to support the specification of conformance to this standard:

- EDXL-HAVE Message; and
- EDXL-HAVE Message Producer.

An EDXL-HAVE Message is an XML 1.0 element whose syntax and semantics are specified in this standard. An EDXL-HAVE Message Producer is a software entity that produces EDXL-HAVE Messages.

NOTE There is no conformance target corresponding to the consumers of EDXL-HAVE messages

5.2 Conformance as an EDXL-HAVE Message

An XML 1.0 element is a conforming EDXL-HAVE-v2.0 Message if and only if:

- a) it meets the general requirements specified in Section 4;
- b) if its namespace name is "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:edxl:have:2.0", and the element is valid according to the Normative XML Schema for EDXL-HAVE-v2.0 available separately as noted in ["Additional artifacts"](#) on the front page.
- c) if its namespace name is "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:edxl:have:2.0", then its content (which includes the content of each of its descendants) meets all the additional mandatory requirements provided in the specific subsection of Section 4 corresponding to the element's name.

Note: only messages that fully comply with the EDXL-HAVE 2.0 specification and that are complete and schematically valid may be referred to as an "EDXL-HAVE 2.0 Message".

5.3 Conformance as an EDXL-HAVE Message Producer

A software entity is a conforming EDXL-HAVE Message Producer if and only if it is constructed in such a way that any XML 1.0 element produced by it and present in a place in which a conforming EDXL-HAVE message is expected (based on contextual information) is indeed a conforming EDXL-HAVE message according to this standard.

NOTE The condition above can be satisfied in many different ways. Here are some examples of possible scenarios:

- a standard distribution protocol (say, EDXL-DE) transfers EDXL-HAVE messages; a resource consumer has sent a request message for an EDXL-HAVE report message to a Hospital system which claims to be a conforming EDXL-HAVE Message Producer, and has received an EDXL-DE message which is therefore expected to carry a conforming EDXL-HAVE Message;
- a local test environment has been set up, and the application under test (which claims to be a conforming EDXL-HAVE Message Producer) has the ability to produce an EDXL-HAVE message and write it to a file in a directory in response to a request coming from the testing tool; the testing tool has sent many requests to the application under test and is now verifying all the files present in the directory, which is expected to contain only conforming EDXL-HAVE Messages.

Appendix A. Acknowledgments

The HAVE Subcommittee is Chaired by Darrell O'Donnell who has worked tirelessly and through holidays to bring this specification to the EM-TC for approval and advancement to a Standard under the close guidance of the OASIS process. He has been ably assisted by Brian Wilkins who has also participated intently to bring this work to conclusion. The following individuals have participated in the subcommittee creating this specification and are gratefully acknowledged:

Patti Aymond, IEM
Rex Brooks, Individual
Lizzie DeYoung, MITRE
Tom Ferrentino, Individual
Tim Grapes, Individual
Elysa Jones, Individual
Emily Laughren, MITRE
Donald McGarry, MITRE
Mark Prutsalis, Sahana Software Foundation
Rob Torchon, Individual
Brian Wilkins, MITRE

We are also grateful for the EM-TC participants for their oversight and guidance:

Doug Allport, Canadian Public Safety Operations Organization
David Askov, Pacific Disaster Center
Patti Aymond, IEM
Art Botterell, Individual
Rex Brooks, Individual
Robert Bunge, NOAA's National Weather Service
Yu Chen, Google Inc.
Eliot Christian, Individual
Toby Considine, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
William Cox, Individual
CAPAU Custodian, Australian Government Attorney-General's Department
Lizzie DeYoung, MITRE Corporation
Thomas Ferrentino, Individual
Mike Gerber, NOAA's National Weather Service
Timothy Grapes, Individual
Robert Gustafson, MITRE Corporation
Steve Hakusa, Google Inc.
Gary Ham, Individual
Werner Joerg, Individual
Elysa Jones, Individual
Michael Kristan, MITRE Corporation
Ram Kumar, Individual
Dominic König, Sahana Software Foundation
Emily Laughren, MITRE Corporation
Mark Lucero, US Department of Homeland Security
Donald McGarry, MITRE Corporation
Thomas Merkle, US Department of Homeland Security
Darrell O'Donnell, Individual
Camille Osterloh, Individual
Norm Paulsen, Environment Canada
Glenn Pearson, Sahana Software Foundation
Efraim Petel, AtHoc, Inc.
Tomer Petel, AtHoc, Inc.
Mark Prutsalis, Sahana Software Foundation

Carl Reed, Open Geospatial Consortium, Inc. (OGC)
Aviv Siegel, AtHoc, Inc.
Steve Streetman, US Department of Homeland Security
Robert Torchon, Individual
Richard Vandame, US Department of Homeland Security
Nuwan Waidyanatha, Sahana Software Foundation
Jeff Waters, US Department of Defense (DoD)
Jacob Westfall, Individual
Herbert White, NOAA's National Weather Service
Brian Wilkins, MITRE Corporation
Ka-Ping Yee, Google Inc.

Appendix B. HL7 Implementation Guidance

This informative (non-normative) appendix provides guidance to implementers working to integrate HAVE message into Electronic Health Records (EHRs) or other clinical systems where messaging is primarily based upon Health Level Seven International (HL7) standards.

B.1 Scope

This appendix explores HL7 v2.8 and HL7 Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR®) Release 3. HL7 v2.x (a generic reference to the “v2 family”, from v2.3.1 to v2.9 (in development)) continues to be widely implemented in clinical systems despite structural inconsistencies and the lack of a defined data model. This appendix focuses on HL7 v2.8 (with some discussion on v2.x) as a standard for implementing HAVE-like messages. This version will support the systems/interfaces identified in the scope of this document.

HL7 v3 Messaging, Clinical Document Architecture (CDA®), Consolidated CDA (CCD, CCDA, C-CDA) and their derivatives are out of scope for this appendix. HL7 v3 Messaging, while based upon a strong data model (HL7 Reference Information Model (RIM)), has not been as widely accepted in clinical systems in many countries, notably including the United States.. The abstract nature of the RIM results in layers of “constraint” to get to specific data elements. This results in HL7 v3 message instances being very large. CDA, also based on the RIM, defines a formal structure for clinical documents and structured information. Many clinical documents (e.g., Discharge Summaries, Consult Notes) have been defined using CCDA and are the basis for Health Information Exchange in the US, and between EHRs and other clinical systems, generally. While CDA/CCDA is widely used, the “document” concept requires elements which do not relate to the HAVE specification (e.g., a document subject (the patient) and author are both required).

HL7 FHIR®, while still a “Standard for Trial Use” (STU), is based on RESTful API exchange of lightweight, reusable resources which has generated extensive interest and implementation internationally. While there is an underlying link to HL7 v3 RIM, FHIR® employs business-oriented names for resources and elements. It should be possible to create FHIR® resources which mirror HAVE structures. However, due to time and work-resource constraints, developing FHIR materials for HAVE messages is not feasible. Creating FHIR resources will be held until the next iteration/update to HAVE.

B.2 HL7 v2.8

The principle difficulty marrying HAVE with HL7 v2.8 (or v2.x) is that there few v2.8 concepts representing the status and availability of services, operations, resources, and emergency room status. The concepts which do exist in v2.8 relate to the perspective of elements needed for a patient encounter – an outpatient appointment, an admission, scheduling a procedure, etc. In addition, these items are addressed on an item-by-item basis (one ICU bed, a 20-minute slot on a CT, etc.) rather than in aggregate (13 ICU beds available, 4 CTs with 50+% availability, etc.). Developing the aggregate availability with existing messages would entail multiple request-and-response message exchanges.

The v2.8 Query/Response mechanism (see v2.8 Chapter 5 Query) can be employed to “ask questions” not directly supported by existing v2.8 messages. For this specification, a query can be defined with a “HAVE 2.0 Status” request and a response of HAVE 2.0 information. (This Query/Response structure has existed since HL7 v2.4, allowing application to systems that have not yet updated to v2.8). In addition, the Query Profile includes a Publish/Subscribe mechanism which would permit an Emergency Management service/entity to subscribe to a facility’s status and receive ongoing updates to that status.

B.2.1 HL7 Query Conformance Statement

The following is the HL7 Query Conformance Statement adapted (when possible) into the styles and table formats used in this specification.

This section assumes the reader has some familiarity with HL7 v2.8 (or v2.x). This section follows the definition pattern for an HL7 Query Conformance Statement, but does not go into detail on the message segments and fields. The reader may need to refer to HL7 v2.8 chapters, reference points are provided below. Note: The Query construct has been relatively stable from v2.4 through v2.8, thus a person familiar with v2.4 will find that knowledge applicable below.

B.2.1.1 Query Profile

Publication ID (Query ID):	Z08
Type:	Publish
Publication Name:	HAVE 2.0 Subscription
Query Trigger (= MSH-9):	QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16
Query Mode:	Real-time
Response Trigger (= MSH-9):	RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09
Query Characteristics:	Establishes Subscription/Response for HAVE 2.0 report
Purpose:	Established Subscription by Emergency Management entity to healthcare system. Subsequent responses provide status information, per HAVE 2.0 specification for the Healthcare Facilities employing the healthcare system
Response Characteristics:	When a subscription is established, the publishing system will respond with the facility status at that time. Subsequent facility status responses will be sent as determined by the Healthcare Facility, e.g., on a defined schedule, upon a significant status change, or as otherwise determined by the requester/facility relationship.
Based on Segment Pattern:	Not applicable for subscription query

Detailed explanation of the Query Profile table can be found in HL7 v2.8 Chapter 5 Section 5.3 "Query/Response Profile." For purposes of this specification, a limited discussion follows.

- Publication ID is an arbitrary identifier for this query profile and related messages. HL7 conventions dictate that locally defined identifiers begin with "Z" with two following digits.
- Type identifies this profile as a subscription/response as opposed to a simple query/response

- Query Trigger and Response Trigger are message/event/structure terms which will be present in the subscription (query) message and response messages.

B.2.1.2 Query Grammar: QSB Message (QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16)

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
MSH	Message Header Segment		2.15.9
[{SFT}]	Software Segment		2.15.12
[UAC]	User Authentication Credential		2.14.13
QPD	Query Parameter Definition		5.5.4
RCP	Response Control Parameter		5.5.6
[DSC]	Continuation Pointer		2.15.4

Detailed explanation of the Abstract Message Table can be found in HL7 v2.8 Chapter 2 Section 2.12 “Chapter Formats for Defining HL7 Messages.” For purposes of this specification, a limited discussion follows.

- Columns
 - Segments identify the order, optionality, and repetition of information segments within the message.
 - Square brackets, [], indicate the segment is optional.
 - Curly brackets, { }, indicate a segment can repeat. There is no indication in this table on how many times a segment can repeat
 - Indentation is used to note groups of segments. Such as when a group of segments are optional *as a block*, or can repeat *as a block*.
 - Status is not relevant to this specification
 - Sec. Ref points to the HL7 v2.8 chapter and section where the segment is defined.
- Rows
 - SFT – Software Segment, UAC – User Authentication Credential, and DSC – Continuation Pointer are optional and not relevant to this specification. They can be used in implementations, but they are not included in this guidance. They are not included in the examples below.

B.2.1.3 Response Grammar: RTB Message (RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09)

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
MSH	Message Header Segment	HL7 2.15.9
[{SFT}]	Software Segment	HL7 2.15.12
[UAC]	User Authentication Credential	HL7 2.14.13

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
MSA	Message Acknowledgement	HL7 2.15.8
[ERR]	Error	HL7 2.15.5
QAK	Query Acknowledgement	HL7 5.4.2
QPD	Query Parameter Definition	HL7 5.5.4 Error! Reference source not found.
	---HAVE begin	HAVE B.2.1.5.1
RDF	HAVE Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---HAVE-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---HAVE-COMMENT end	
	---ORGANIZATION begin	
RDF	ORGANIZATION Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
	---ORGANIZATION end	
{	---FACILITY begin	
RDF	FACILITY Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FAC-COMMENT end	
	---FACILITY-ORGANIZATION-INFO begin	

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
RDF	ORGANIZATION INFO Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
	---FACILITY-ORGANIZATION-INFO end	
	---FACILITY-GEOLOCATION begin	
RDF	GEOLOCATION Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
	---FACILITY-GEOLOCATION end	
{	---FACILITY-SERVICES begin	
RDF	SERVICE Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-SERVICES-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-SERVICES-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-SERVICES-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-SERVICES-EXTENSION end	
}	---FACILITY-SERVICES end	
[{	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES begin	
RDF	FUTURE SERVICES Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES-EXTENSION end	
}}	---FACILITY-FUTURE-SERVICES end	
[{	---FACILITY-ACTIVITY-IN-PERIOD begin	
RDF	ACTIVITY Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-ACTIVITY-IN-PERIOD-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-ACTIVITY-IN-PERIOD-COMMENT end	
}}	---FACILITY-ACTIVITY-IN-PERIOD end	
[{	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS begin	
RDF	OPERATIONS Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS-EXTENSION end	
}}	---FACILITY-OPERATIONS end	
[{	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO begin	
RDF	RESOURCE Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-NEEDS begin	
RDF	NEEDS Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-NEEDS end	
[	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-OFFERS begin	
RDF	OFFERS Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-OFFERS end	
[	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO-EXTENSION end	
}}	---FACILITY-RESOURCE-INFO end	
[{	---FACILITY-STAFFING begin	
RDF	STAFFING Table Row Definition Segment	

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-STAFFING-NEEDS begin	
RDF	NEEDS Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-STAFFING-NEEDS end	
[	---FACILITY-STAFFING-OFFERS begin	
RDF	OFFERS Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-STAFFING-OFFERS end	
[	---FACILITY-STAFFING-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-STAFFING-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-STAFFING-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-STAFFING-EXTENSION end	
}}	---FACILITY-STAFFING end	
[{	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY begin	
RDF	EMERGENCY Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY-OFFLOAD begin	
RDF	OFFLOAD Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY-OFFLOAD end	

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
[	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY-TRIAGE begin	
RDF	TRIAGE Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY-TRIAGE end	
}}	---FACILITY-EMERGENCY end	
[{	---FACILITY-TRAUMA begin	
RDF	TRAUMA Table Row Definition Segment	
RDT	Table Row Data Segment	
[	---FACILITY-TRAUMA-COMMENT begin	
RDF	COMMENT Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-TRAUMA-COMMENT end	
[	---FACILITY-TRAUMA-EXTENSION begin	
RDF	EXTENSION Table Row Definition Segment	
{RDT}	Table Row Data Segment	
]	---FACILITY-TRAUMA-EXTENSION end	
}}	---FACILITY-TRAUMA end	
{	---FACILITY end	
	---HAVE end	

This message structure is based upon RTB^K19^RTB_K19. In RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09 the RDF/RDT structure is expanded to address the elements of the HAVE message, e.g., the HAVE record, the Organization Information, the Facility, etc.

The Abstract Message Table is useful for collapsing repetitive message structures. An expanded message structure, as above, can hide the relationships between the response rows. The following table summarizes table above in terms of the HAVE elements.

Due to data type and structural differences between the HL7 v2.x and the EDXL formats, some elements had to be extracted from HAVE elements into separate HL7 response records. For example, the "OFFLOAD" AND "TRIAGE" repeating structures within the "EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT" structure could not be repeated in the available HL7 v2.x structure. "OFFLOAD" and "TRIAGE" were defined as separate response records in order to permit their repetition.

HAVE
{{HAVE COMMENT}}
ORGANIZATION
{FACILITY
{{FACILITY COMMENT}}
FACILITY ORGANIZATION INFO
FACILITY GEOLOCATION
{FACILITY SERVICES
{{FACILITY SERVICE COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY SERVICE EXTENSION}}
}
{{FACILITY FUTURE SERVICES
{{FACILITY FUTURE SERVICE COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY FUTURE SERVICE EXTENSION}}
}}
{{FACILITY ACTIVITY IN PERIOD
{{FACILITY ACTIVITY IN PERIOD COMMENT}}
}}
{{FACILITY OPERATIONS
{{FACILITY OPERATION COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY OPERATION EXTENSION}}
}}
{{FACILITY RESOURCE INFORMATION
{{FACILITY RESOURCE NEEDS}}
{{FACILITY RESOURCE OFFERS}}
{{FACILITY RESOURCE COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY RESOURCE EXTENSION}}
}}
{{FACILITY STAFFING
{{FACILITY STAFFING NEEDS}}
{{FACILITY STAFFING OFFERS}}
{{FACILITY STAFFING COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY STAFFING EXTENSION}}

}}
{{FACILITY EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT
{{FACILITY EMERGENCY OFFLOAD}}
{{FACILITY EMERGENCY TRIAGE}}
}}
{{FACILITY TRAUMA CENTER
{{FACILITY TRAUMA COMMENT}}
{{FACILITY TRAUMA EXTENSION}}
}}
}

B.2.1.4 QPD Input Parameter Specification

Field Seq (Query ID=Z08)	ColName	Key/Search	Sort	LEN	DT	Opt	RP/#	Match Op	TBL #	Segment Field Name	Service Identifier Code	Element Name
1	MessageQueryName			60	CWE	R						Message Query Name
2	QueryTag			32	ST	R						Query Tag

Detailed explanation of the QPD Input Parameter Specification can be found in HL7 v2.8 Chapter 5 Section 5.3.2.6 “QPD input parameter specification.” For purposes of this specification, a limited discussion follows:

The QPD input parameter specification defines the content of the QPD – Query Parameter Definition segment in the QSB – Query Subscription message. This allows for the requestor to provide filtering and sorting criteria to the response table. In the context of HAVE 2.0, there is no filtering or sorting specified by the requestor. As such, this table contains only the required MessageQueryName and QueryTag.

QPD Input Parameter Field Description and Commentary

Input Parameter (Query ID=Z08)	Comp. Name	DT	Description
MessageQueryName		CWE	SHALL be valued Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471
QueryTag		ST	Identifies the subscription and ties responses to the subscription. Set by requestor. Included in all responses to this subscription.

The QPD Input Parameter Field Description and Commentary table extends the QPD Input Parameter Specification table, in particular adding a Description. Further information on structure of this table is available in HL7 v2.8 Chapter 5 Section 2.1.5.

- MessageQueryName is assigned a fixed value of "Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471"
- HL70471 refers to an HL7 table which is "User Defined". That is, the local implementer can "fill" the table with local values. In this case, the one code table value is "Z08" with a description of "HAVE2.0 Subscription".
- QueryTag is a string identifier supplied by the requester and included by the responder with all responses. This allows the requestor to "tie" the responses back to the subscription. This may be useful when a requester has subscriptions to multiple facilities. In examples below, the convention of "<facility name> HAVE 2.0 response to <requester name>" will be used.

B.2.1.5 Input/Output Specification: Virtual Table

The section defines the HL7 table response incorporating the HAVE 2.0. This structure has been modified from the HL7 form as some columns are not used (Key/Search, Sort, Match OP, and Service Identifier Code) and others have been added to clarify HL7/HAVE alignment.

HL7 Segment-Field, Element Name, and Component Name are used to inform HL7 implementers of matching concepts and constructs between HL7 v2.8 and EDXL HAVE 2.0. If no HL7 Segment-Field or Element Name is entered, then there is no direct match of the EDXL HAVE 2.0 concept in HL7 2.8 (there isn't an existing HL7 interface concept that can be reused).

The Virtual Table has also been modified to describe different rows, effectively creating a set of tables

B.2.1.5.1 Virtual Table Field definition – HAVE record

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
defaultLanguage		ID	R	N	ISO369	PID-15.1	Primary Language - identifier
Organization Information							Use Organization record
reportingPeriod		DR	O	N			
fromDateTime		DTM	R	N			
toDateTime		DTM	R	N			
Facility							Use Facility record
Comment							Use Comment record
Extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – HAVE record

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "HAVE" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
defaultLanguage		ID	Default language for the HAVE report. Note that ISO-0369 is used here since it is a known "code table" in HL7. HAVE refers to RFC 3066 which incorporates ISO-0369.
Organization Information			Use Organization record
reportingPeriod	Date Range	DR	If not populated, defaults to a current day report. DR is an HL7 composite data type which is similar to edxl-ct:TimePeriodType
fromDateTime	DR.1 - Range Start Date/Time	DTM	HL7 date-time format: YYYY[MM[DD[HH[MM[SS[.S[S[S[S]]]]]]]][/-ZZZZ]. EDXL date-time format: YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS[-,+]ZZ:ZZ

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
toDateTime	DR.2 - Range End Date/Time	DTM	HL7 date-time format: YYYY[MM[DD[HH[MM[SS[.S[S[S[S]]]]]]]][/-ZZZZ]. EDXL date-time format: YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS[-,+]ZZ:ZZ
Facility			Use Facility record
Comment			Use Comment record
Extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.2 Virtual Table Field definition – OrganisationInformation

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
OrganisationName		XON	R	Y		PRT.8	Participation Organization
OrganisationID	XON.10 Organization ID	ST	O	N			
OrganisationIDType	XON.7 Identifier Type	ID	O	N	HL70203		
NameElement	XON.1 Organization Name	ST	O	N			
Addresses		XAD	O	Y		PRT.14	Participation Address
Address-FreeTextAddress-AddressLine[1]	XAD.1.1 Street Address	ST	O	N			
Address-FreeTextAddress-AddressLine[2]	XAD.2 Other Designation	ST	O	N			
Address-Country-NameElement	XAD.6 Country	ST	O	N			
Address-AdministrativeArea-NameElement	XAD.4 State or Province	ST	O	N			
Address-AdministrativeArea-SubAdministrativeArea-NameElement	XAD.9.2 County/Parish.Text	ST	O	N			
Address-Locality-NameElement	XAD.3 City	ST	O	N			
Address-PostCode-Identifier	XAD.5 Zip or Postal Code	ST	O	N			
Address-Locality-SubLocality-NameElement		ST	O	N			
ContactNumbers	XTN extended telecommunication number	XTN	O	Y		PRT.15	Participation Telecommunication Address
ContactNumber-CommunicationMediaType	XTN.3 Telecommunication Equipment Type	ST	O	N			
ContactNumber-Usage	XTN.2 Telecommunication Use Code	ST	O	N			
ContactNumber-ContactNumberElement	XTN.12 Unformatted Telephone Number	ST	O	N			
ContactNumber-ContactHours		ST	O	N			
ElectronicAddressIdentifiers	XTN extended telecommunication number	XTN	O	Y		PRT.15	Participation Telecommunication Address

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08)	HL7 terms						
ElectronicAddressIdentifier	XTN.4 Communication Address	ST	R	N			
ElectronicAddressIdentifier- Type	XTN.3 Telecommunication Equipment Type	ST	O	N			
ElectronicAddressIdentifier- Usage	XTN.2 Telecommunication Use Code	ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-Type		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-CategoryType		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-Status		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-Nature		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-IndustryType		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCode		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCodeType		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo- NumberOfEmployees		NM	O	N			
OrganizationInfo- OperatingHourStartTime		TM	O	N			
OrganizationInfo- OperatingHourStartTime		TM	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-DataQualityType		ST	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-ValidFrom		DT	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-ValidTo		DT	O	N			
OrganizationInfo-##other		ST	O	N			

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – OrganisationInformation

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "OrganisationInformation" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
OrganisationName		XON	
OrganisationID	XON.10 Organization ID	ST	
OrganisationIDType	XON.7 Identifier Type	ID	
NameElement	XON.1 Organization Name	ST	HL7 only supports one "NameElement" as Organization Name. (SubDivisionName is not supported.)
Addresses		XAD	
Address-FreeTextAddress -AddressLine[1]	XAD.1.1 Street Address	ST	First Address line
Address-FreeTextAddress -AddressLine[2]	XAD.2 Other Designation	ST	Second address line (additional address lines are not supported)
Address-Country- NameElement	XAD.6 Country	ID	HL7 uses ISO-3166-1 Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions — Part 1: Country codes
Address- AdministrativeArea- NameElement	XAD.4 State or Province	ST	HL7 only supports one "AdministrativeArea" as State
Address- AdministrativeArea- SubAdministrativeArea- NameElement	XAD.9.2 County/Parish.Text	ST	HL7 only supports one "SubAdministrativeArea" as County/Parish
Address-Locality- NameElement	XAD.3 City	ST	HL7 only supports one "Locality" as City (SubLocalities are not supported)
Address-PostCode- Identifier	XAD.5 Zip or Postal Code	ST	HL7 only supports one "PostCode" as Zip or Postal Code
Address-Locality-SubLocality- NameElement		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
ContactNumbers		XTN	

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
ContactNumber-CommunicationMediaType	XTN.3 Telecommunication Equipment Type	ID	A limited set of values are represented as codes in HL7. Relevant values are: PH Telephone FX Fax MD Modem CP Cellular or Mobile Phone SAT Satellite Phone BP Beeper TDD Telecommunications Device for the Deaf TTY Teletypewriter
ContactNumber-Usage	XTN.2 Telecommunication Use Code	ID	A limited set of values are represented as codes in HL7. Relevant values are: PRN Primary Residence Number ORN Other Residence Number WPN Work Number VHN Vacation Home Number ASN Answering Service Number EMR Emergency Number PRS Personal
ContactNumber-ContactNumberElement	XTN.12 Unformatted Telephone Number	ST	HL7 only supports one iteration of "ContactNumber-ContactNumberElement" as Unformatted Telephone Number XTN.4 Communications Address and XTN.7 Local Number must NOT be populated
ContactNumber-ContactHours		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
ElectronicAddressIdentifiers		XTN	
ElectronicAddressIdentifier	XTN.4 Communication Address	ST	
ElectronicAddressIdentifier-Type		ST	A limited set of values are represented as codes in HL7. Relevant values are: Internet Internet Address X.400 X.400 email address
ElectronicAddressIdentifier-Usage		ST	A limited set of values are represented as codes in HL7. Relevant values are: WPN Work Number PRS Personal
OrganizationInfo-Type		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-CategoryType		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-Status		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-Nature		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-IndustryType		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCode		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCodeType		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-NumberOfEmployees		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime		TM	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message HL7 time format: HH[MM[SS[S[S[S]]]]][+/-ZZZZ]. EDXL date-time format: HH:MM:SS[-,+ZZ:ZZ
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime		DTM	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
			HL7 time format: HH[MM[SS[.S[S[S[S]]]]]][/+/-ZZZZ]. EDXL date-time format: HH:MM:SS[-,+]ZZ:ZZ
OrganizationInfo-DataQualityType		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-ValidFrom		DT	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-ValidTo		DT	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message
OrganizationInfo-##other		ST	No mapping to HL7 content. Free text can be supplied in HL7 message

B.2.1.5.3 Virtual Table Field definition – Facility

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
ID		ST	R	N			
parentID		ST	O	N			
name		ST	R	N			
name-alttxt		ST	O	N			
name-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
kind		ST	R	N	FacilityKindType		
reportingPeriod		DR	O	N			
fromDateTime		DTM	R	N			
toDateTime		DTM	R	N			
lastUpdate		DTM	O	N			
organizationInformation							Organization record
geolocation							Geolocation record
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O	N			
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O	N	StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
services							Services record
futureServices							FutureServices record
activityInPeriod							Activity record
operation							Operation record
Operations-comment		ST	O	N			
Operations-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Operations-comment-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
resourceInformation							Resource-Staff record
staffing							Resource-Staff record
emergencyDepartment							ED record
traumaCenter							TraumaCenter record
Facility-comment							Comment record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Facility

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "Facility" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
ID		ST	Xsd:ID
parentID		ST	Xsd:IDREF
name		ST	
name-alttxt		ST	
name-altlang		ID	
kind		ST	
reportingPeriod		DR	
fromDateTime		DTM	
toDateTime		DTM	
lastUpdate		DTM	
organizationInformation			Organization record
geolocation			Geolocation record
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
services			Services record
futureServices			FutureServices record
activityInPeriod			Activity record
operation			Operation record
Operations-comment		ST	
Operations-comment-alttxt		ST	
Operations-comment-altlang		ID	
resourceInformation			Resource-Staff record
staffing			Resource-Staff record
emergencyDepartment			Emergency Department record
traumaCenter			Trauma Center record
comment			Comment record

B.2.1.5.4 Virtual Table Field definition – Operation

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
kind		ST	R	N			
name		ST	R	N			
name-alttxt		ST	O	N			
name-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O		ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O				
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O		StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O				

HL7 Column Name (Query)	HL7 terms						
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
comment							Use Comment record
extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Operation

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "Operation" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
kind		ST	
name		ST	
name-alttxt		ST	
name-altlang		ID	
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
comment			Use Comment record
extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.5 Virtual Table Field definition – Comment

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
defaultText		ST	C	N			
alternateText		ST	C	N			
alternateText-language		ID	C	N	ISO369	PID-15.1	Primary Language - identifier

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Comment

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "Comment" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
defaultText		ST	Comment fields not generally mapped to HL7. defaultText must be populated on the first Comment row defaultText should not be populated on subsequent Comment rows
alternateText		ST	Comment fields not generally mapped to HL7. alternateText may be populated on the first Comment row alternateText must be populated on subsequent Comment rows
alternateText-language		ID	alternateText-language must be populated if alternateText is populated

B.2.1.5.6 Virtual Table Field definition – Extension

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
Community		ST	R	N			
ID		ST	R	N			
Parameter							Use Parameter record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Extension

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: “ Extension ” Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
Community		ST	Xsd:anyURI
ID		ST	Xsd:anyURI
Parameter			Use Parameter record

B.2.1.5.7 Virtual Table Field definition – Parameter

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
nameURI		ST	R	N			
xPath		ST	O	N			
Value							Use Value record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Parameter

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: “ Parameter ” Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
nameURI		ST	Xsd:anyURI
xPath		ST	
Value			Use Value record

B.2.1.5.8 Virtual Table Field definition – Value

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
Value		ST	R	N			
Uom		ST	O	N			

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Value

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: "Value" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
Value		ST	
Uom		ST	

B.2.1.5.9 Virtual Table Field definition – Service

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
name		ST	R	N			
name-alttxt		ST	O	N			
name-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Code		ST	R	N			
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O		ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O				
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O		StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O				
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
externalCode		EI	O	Y			
Entity Identifier		ST	R	N			
Universal ID		ST	R	N			
Universal ID Type		ID	R	N	0301		
bedCapacity-availableCount		NM	O	N			
bedCapacity-baselineCount		NM	O	N			
bedCapacity -comment		ST	O	N			
bedCapacity -comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
bedCapacity -comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Capacity		NM	O	N			
CapacityUOM		ST	O	N			
capacityURI		ST	O	N			
comment							Use Comment record
extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Service

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "Service" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
name		ST	
name-alttxt		ST	
name-altlang		ID	
Code		ST	Restricted to list ServiceCodeDefaultType
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
externalCode		EI	
Entity Identifier	EI.1	ST	The value of the external code
Universal ID	EI.3	ST	Xsd:anyURI
Universal ID Type	EI.4	ID	Fixed value: "URI" Identifies exxternalCode.UniversalID as a URI
bedCapacity-availableCount		NM	
bedCapacity-baselineCount		NM	
bedCapacity -comment		ST	
bedCapacity -comment-alttxt		ST	
bedCapacity -comment-altlang		ID	
Capacity		NM	
CapacityUOM		ST	
capacityURI		ST	
comment			Use Comment record
extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.10 Virtual Table Field definition – FutureService

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
name		ST	R	N			
name-alttxt		ST	O	N			
name-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Code		ST	R	N			
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O		ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O				
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O		StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O				
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O				
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
externalCode		EI	O	Y			
Ct:value		ST	R	N			
Ct:valueListURI		ST	R	N			
Universal ID Type		ID	R	N	0301		
bedCapacity-availableCount		NM	O	N			
bedCapacity-baselineCount		NM	O	N			
bedCapacity-comment		ST	O	N			
bedCapacity-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
bedCapacity-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Capacity		NM	O	N			
CapacityUOM		ST	O	N			
capacityURI		ST	C	N			
comment							Use Comment record

HL7 Column Name (Query)	HL7 terms						
extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Service

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "FutureService" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
name		ST	
name-alttxt		ST	
name-altlang		ID	
Code		ST	Restricted to list ServiceCodeDefaultType
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
externalCode		EI	
Ct:value	EI.1	ST	The value of the external code
Ct:valueListURI	EI.3	ST	Xsd:anyURI
Universal ID Type	EI.4	ID	Fixed value: "URI" Identifies exxternalCode.UniversalID as a URI
bedCapacity-availableCount		NM	
bedCapacity-baselineCount		NM	
bedCapacity-comment		ST	
bedCapacity-comment-alttxt		ST	
bedCapacity-comment-altlang		ID	
Capacity		NM	
CapacityUOM		ST	
capacityURI		ST	
comment			Use Comment record
extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.11 Virtual Table Field definition – Activity

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
reportingPeriod		DR	O	N			
fromDateTime		DTM	R	N			
toDateTime		DTM	R	N			
Admissions		NM	R	N			
Discharges		NM	R	N			
Deaths		NM	R	N			
comment							Use Comment record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Activity

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "Activity" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
reportingPeriod		DR	
fromDateTime		DTM	
toDateTime		DTM	
Admissions		NM	
Discharges		NM	
Deaths		NM	
comment			Use Comment record

B.2.1.5.12 Virtual Table Field definition – Resource-Staff

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O	N			
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O	N	StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Needs							Use Needs-Offers record
Offers							Use Needs-Offers record
Comment							Use Comment record
Extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Resource-Staff

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			"Resource" or "Staff" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
tableLabel		ST	
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
Needs			Use Needs-Offers record
Offers			Use Needs-Offers record
Comment			Use Comment record
Extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.13 Virtual Table Field definition – Needs-Offers

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
resourceKind		EI	O	N			
Ct:value		ST	R	N			
Ct:valueListURI		ST	R	N			
Universal ID Type		ID	R	N	0301		
Quantity		NM	R	N			
resourceSize		ST	R	N			
resourceSizeXpath		ST	O	N			
Comments							Use Comment record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Needs-Offers

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "Needs" or "Offers" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
resourceKind		EI	
Entity Identifier		ST	The value of the external code
Universal ID		ST	Xsd:anyURI
Universal ID Type		ID	Fixed value: "URI" Identifies exxternalCode.UniversalID as a URI
Quantity		NM	
resourceSize		ST	
resourceSizeXpath		ST	
Comments			Use Comment record

B.2.1.5.14 Virtual Table Field definition – Emergency Department

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O	N			
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O	N	StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
offloadInfo							Use Offload record
Traffic-status		ST	R	N	TrafficStatusKind		
Traffic-status-colourCode		ST	R	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Traffic-Status-description		ST	O	N			
Traffic-Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Traffic-Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Traffic-reason		ST	O	N			

HL7 Column Name (Query)	HL7 terms						
Traffic-reason-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Traffic-reason-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Traffic-comment		ST	O	N			
Traffic-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Traffic-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
triageCapacity							Use Triage record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Emergency Department

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description		
tableLabel		ST	Fixed value: “ED” Identifies HAVE element represented by this table		
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No		
status-colourCode		ST			
Status-description		ST			
Status-description-alttxt		ST			
Status-description-altlang		ID			
Status-stability		ST			
Status-comment		ST			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST			
Status-comment-altlang		ID			
offloadInfo			Use Offload record		
Traffic-status		ST			
Traffic-status-colourCode		ST		N	
Traffic-Status-description		ST		N	
Traffic-Status-description-alttxt		ST		N	
Traffic-Status-description-altlang		ID		N	ISO36
Traffic-reason		ST			
Traffic-reason-alttxt		ST			
Traffic-reason-altlang		ID		N	ISO36
Traffic-comment		ST			
Traffic-comment-alttxt		ST			
Traffic-comment-altlang		ID			
triageCapacity			Use Triage record		

B.2.1.5.15 Virtual Table Field definition – Offload

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
Kind		ST	R	N			
OffloadMinutes		NM	R	N			
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O	N			
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O	N	StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Offload

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
TableLabel			Fixed value: "Offload" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
Kind		ST	
OffloadMinutes		NM	
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
Extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.16 Virtual Table Field definition – Triage

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
Code		ST	R	N	TriageColourCodeType		
Count		NM	R	N			
alternateCodeValue		ST	C	N			
alternateCodeValueURI		ST	C	N			
comment		ST	O	N			
comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Triage

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "Triage" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
Code		ST	
Count		NM	
alternateCodeValue		ST	
alternateCodeValueURI		ST	
comment		ST	
comment-alttxt		ST	
comment-altlang		ID	

B.2.1.5.17 Virtual Table Field definition – Trauma Center

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name

HL7 Column Name (Query)	HL7 terms						
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
serviceLevel		ST	R	N	TraumaCenterLevelKind		
status-isOK		ID	R	N	HL70136		
status-colourCode		ST	O	N	ColourCodeDefaultType		
Status-description		ST	O	N			
Status-description-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-description-altlang		ID	O	N	ISO369		
Status-stability		ST	O	N	StabilityType		
Status-comment		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	O	N			
Status-comment-altlang		ID	C	N	ISO369		
Comment							Use Comment record
Extension							Use Extension record

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – Trauma Center

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: "Adult" or "Pediatric" Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
serviceLevel		ST	
status-isOK		ID	Y – Yes N – No
status-colourCode		ST	
Status-description		ST	
Status-description-alttxt		ST	
Status-description-altlang		ID	
Status-stability		ST	
Status-comment		ST	
Status-comment-alttxt		ST	
Status-comment-altlang		ID	
Comment			Use Comment record
Extension			Use Extension record

B.2.1.5.18 Virtual Table Field definition – GeoLocation

Note: GeoLocation representation in HL7 v2.x is limited to the gml:point construct (a point location).

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 terms						
	Length	Data Type	Opt	Rep	Table	HL7 Segment Field	HL7 Element Name
tableLabel		ST	R	N			
Wgs84Location-srsName		ST	R	N			
Point-ID		ST	R	N			
Point-srsName		ST	O	N			
Point-srsDimension		NM	O	N			
Point-axisLabels		ST	O	Y			
Point-UOMLaels		ST	O	Y			
Point-pos		NM	R	Y			
Point-pos-srsName		ST	O	N			
Point- pos-srsDimension		NM	O	N			
Point- pos-axisLabels		ST	O	Y			
Point- pos-UOMLaels		ST	O	Y			

Virtual Table Field Description and Commentary – GeoLocation

HL7 Column Name (Query ID=Z08) (Uses HAVE element name)	HL7 Component Name	HL7 Data Type	Description
tableLabel			Fixed value: " GeoLocation " Identifies HAVE element represented by this table
Wgs84Location-srsName		ST	
Point-ID		ST	
Point-srsName		ST	Xsd:anyURI
Point-srsDimension		NM	Xsd:PositiveInteger
Point-axisLabels		ST	Gml:NCName
Point-UOMLaels		ST	gml:NCName
Point-pos		NM	Xsd:double
Point-pos-srsName		ST	Xsd:anyURI
Point-pos-srsDimension		NM	Xsd:PositiveInteger
Point-pos-axisLabels		ST	Gml:NCName
Point-pos-UOMLaels		ST	gml:NCName

B.2.1.6 RCP Response Control Parameter Field Description and Commentary

Field Seq (Query ID=Z08)	Name	Component Name	LEN	DT	Description	Guidance
1	Query Priority		1	ID	(D)eferred or (I)mmmediate. Default is I.	Fixed value = "I"
2	Quantity Limited Request		10	CQ		
2.1		Quantity		NM	Number of units (specified by the following component) that will be returned in each increment of the response. If no value is given, the entire response will be returned in a single increment.	Leave blank (use default value)
2.2		Units		CWE	C haracters, L ines, P aGes, or R ecorDs. Default is LI .	Leave blank (use default value)
3	Response Modality		60	CWE	R ead time or B atch. Default is R .	Leave blank (use default value)
7	Segment group inclusion		256	ID	What segment group(s) are to be included. If this field is not valued, all segment groups will be included.	Leave blank (use default value)

B.2.2 QSX /ACK - cancel subscription/acknowledge message (Event J02)

B.2.2.1 QSX^J02^QCN_J01: Cancel Subscription

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
MSH	Message Header		2.15.9
[{SFT}]	Software Segment		2.15.12
[UAC]	User Authentication Credential		2.14.13
QID	Query identification Segment		5.5.3

An existing query subscription can be cancelled by sending a QSX Cancel Subscription message. The subscription is identified in QID-1 Query Tag and QID-2 Message Query Name. These values correspond to the QPD-1 and QPD-2 terms in the QSB message which established the subscription. See example in B.2.3.xx

B.2.2.2 ACK^J02^ACK: General Acknowledgment

<u>Segments</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Sec. Ref</u>
MSH	Message Header		2.15.9
[{SFT}]	Software Segment		2.15.12
[UAC]	User Authentication Credential		2.14.13
MSA	Message Acknowledgment		2.15.8
[ERR]	Error		2.15.5

This message acknowledges that the subscription has been identified and cancelled. See example in B.2.3.xx

B.2.3 Examples

B.2.3.1 Establishing a subscription

(From section 2.2.2) As the result of a multi-unit residential fire, ambulances are dispatched and the Incident Commander indicates that there are 2 critical and 3 serious burn victims. The nearest hospital ("Community Hospital") can only take in 2 burn victims normally, but the current state of the burn unit is not known. By examining the state of the local facilities, officials can coordinate which victims are to be taken to the surrounding health facilities.

HL7 example message

```
MSH|^~\&|EMS-COMMAND||COMM-HOSP||201803110800-0800||  
  QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16|112233|P|2.8|  
  QPD|Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471|IN20180311-0012|  
RCP|I||||N|
```

HL7 example message content

MSH.3	EMS-COMMAND	Identifies sending application, i.e., the EMS command & control system
MSH.5	COMM-HOSP	Identifies receiving application, i.e., "Community Hospital"
MSH.7	201803110830-0800	Date and time of message, i.e., March 11, 2018 @ 8:30 AM PST
MSH.9	QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16	Identifies the message type and trigger, i.e., creating HAVE subscription
MSH.10	112233	System generated message identifier
MSH.11	P	Production message
MSH.12	2.8	HL7 v2.8
QPD.1	Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471	Identifies the subscription query, i.e., HAVE 2.0 report
QPD.2	IN20180311-0012	Subscription identifier, sent back with responses to link responses to query request
RCP.1	I	Immediate Response (e.g., start subscription now)
RCP.5	N	New subscription request

B.2.3.2 HAVE report in response to a subscription

"Community Hospital" responds to the subscription establish by the Incident Commander. This response would be repeated, with updated information, based upon pre-established schedule.

HL7 example message

```
MSH|^~\&|COMM-HOSP||EMS-COMMAND||201803110845-0800||
RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09|ad4v5s|P|2.8|
MSA|AA|112233|
QAK|IN20180311-0012|OK|Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471|
QPD|Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471|IN20180311-0012|
RDF|3|tableLabel^ST~defaultLanguage^ID~reportingPeriod^DR|
RDT|HAVE|en|
RDF|21|tableLabel^ST~
  OrganisationName^XON~
  Addresses^XAD~
  Address-Locality-SubLocality-NameElement^ST~
  ContactNumbers^XTN~
  ContactNumber-ContactHours^ST~
  ElectronicAddressIdentifiers^XTN~
  OrganizationInfo-Type^ST~
  OrganizationInfo-CategoryType^ST~
  OrganizationInfo-Status^ST~
```

```

OrganizationInfo-Nature^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCode^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCodeType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-NumberOfEmployees^ST~
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime^TM~
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime^DTM~
OrganizationInfo-DataQualityType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-ValidFrom^DT~
OrganizationInfo-ValidTo^DT~
OrganizationInfo-##other^ST|
RDT|OrganisationInformation|Community Hospital^^^^^XX^^^COMM-HOSP|1
Hospital Way^^Anytown^CA^95999^US^^^&Midland County|...<additional
organization information>
RDF|21|tableLabel^ST~
ID^ST~
parentID^ST~
name^ST~
name-alttxt^ST~
name-altlang^ID~
kind^ST~
reportingPeriod^DR~
lastUpdate^DTM~
status-isOK^ID~
status-colourCode^ST~
Status-description^ST~
Status-description-alttxt^ST~
Status-description-altlang^ID~
Status-stability^ST~
Status-comment^ST~
Status-comment-alttxt^ST~
Status-comment-altlang^ID~
Operations-comment^ST~
Operations-comment-alttxt^ST~
Operations-comment-altlang^ID
RDT|Facility|Community Hospital|Hospital|...
RDF|21|tableLabel^ST~
OrganisationName^XON~
Addresses^XAD~
Address-Locality-SubLocality-NameElement^ST~
ContactNumbers^XTN~
ContactNumber-ContactHours^ST~
ElectronicAddressIdentifiers^XTN~
OrganizationInfo-Type^ST~
OrganizationInfo-CategoryType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-Status^ST~
OrganizationInfo-Nature^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCode^ST~
OrganizationInfo-IndustryCodeType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-NumberOfEmployees^ST~
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime^TM~
OrganizationInfo-OperatingHourStartTime^DTM~
OrganizationInfo-DataQualityType^ST~
OrganizationInfo-ValidFrom^DT~
OrganizationInfo-ValidTo^DT~
OrganizationInfo-##other^ST|

```

```

RDT|OrganisationInformation|Community Hospital^^^^^XX^^^COMM-HOSP|1
Hospital Way^^Anytown^CA^95999^US^^^&Midland County||...
RDF|12|tableLabel^ST~
Wgs84Location-srsName^ST~
Point-ID^ST~
Point-srsName^ST~
Point-srsDimension^NM~
Point-axisLabels^ST~
Point-UOMLaels^ST~
Point-pos^NM~
Point-pos-srsName^ST~
Point-pos-srsDimension^NM~
Point-pos-axisLabels^ST~
Point-pos-UOMLaels^ST|
RDT|GeoLocation|||||36.578871 -121.913183|
RDF|23|tableLabel^~
name^ST~
name-alttxt^ST~
name-altlang^ID~
Code^ST~
status-isOK^ID~
status-colourCode^ST~
Status-description^ST~
Status-description-alttxt^ST~
Status-description-altlang^ID~
Status-stability^ST~
Status-comment^ST~
Status-comment-alttxt^ST~
Status-comment-altlang^ID~
externalCode^EI~
bedCapacity-availableCount^NM~
bedCapacity-baselineCount^NM~
bedCapacity -comment^ST~
bedCapacity -comment-alttxt^ST~
bedCapacity -comment-altlang^ID~
Capacity^NM~
CapacityUOM^ST~
capacityURI^ST|
RDT|Service|Community Hospital Burn
Unit|||burnUnit|Y|yellow||Stable||||2|5|

```

HL7 example message content

MSH.3	COMM-HOSP	Identifies sending application, i.e., "Community Hospital"
MSH.5	EMS-COMMAND	Identifies receiving application, i.e., the EMS command & control system
MSH.7	201803110845-0800	Date and time of message, i.e., March 11, 2018 @ 08:45 AM UTC-8hr (PST)
MSH.9	RTB^Z09^RTB_Z09	Identifies the message type and trigger, i.e., a HAVE subscription response

MSH.10	ad4v5s	System generated message identifier
MSH.11	P	Production message
MSH.12	2.8	HL7 v2.8
MSA.1	AA	Affirmative Acknowledgement code
MSA.2	112233	Identifier from initial message (i.e., the subscription request message)
QAK.1	IN20180311-0012	Subscription identifier specified in the initial request
QAK.2	OK	Query status, "OK"="data found, no errors"
QAK.3	Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471	Identifies the subscription query, i.e., HAVE 2.0 report
QPD		Segment repeated from initial request
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="HAVE"		This corresponds to the HAVE root segment information
RDT.1	HAVE	This is a HAVE record
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="OrganizationInformation"		Organization information for the sender of the HAVE message. Required to follow HAVE
RDT.2.1	Community Hospital	Organization name of the HAVE sender
RDT.2.7	XX	Type of identifier. ("XX"=non-specific organization ID")
RDT.2.10	COMM-HOSP	Organization identifier
RDT.3	1 Hospital Way^^Anytown^CA^ 95999^US^^^&Midland County	Organization address: 1 Hospital Way Anytown, CA 95999 Midland County USA
	...	Additional Organization information could be provided but is not essential in this example
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="Facility"		Facility information within the Organization. There must be at least one Facility per Organization.
RDT.4	Community Hospital	Name of facility
RDT.7	Hospital	Coded type of facility

	...	Additional Facility information could be provided but is not essential in this example
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="OrganizationInformation "		Organization information specific to the preceding Facility. Required to follow Facility (may differ from Organization information associated with HAVE sender.
		The organization information from the HAVE segment is repeated here. In this example, the facility and HAVE sender have the same organization information
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="GeoLocation"		GeoLocation information for the Facility.
RDT.8	36.578871 -121.913183	GeoLocation coordinates (lat/lon) for the facility
RDF/RDT where RDT.1="Service"		
RDT.2	Community Hospital Burn Unit	Human-readable name of Service
RDT.5	burnUnit	Coded service type
RDT.6	Y	"isOK" indicator for service
RDT.7	yellow	Red/Yellow/Green status of service
RDT.9	Stable	Service status indicator
RDT.14	2	Available beds
RDT.15	5	Baseline beds(capacity)

B.2.3.3 Cancel a subscription

The multi-unit residential fire incident has been resolved and closed. The HAVE information feed is no longer needed.

HL7 example message

```
MSH|^~\&|EMS-COMMAND||COMM-HOSP||201803120000-0800||
  QSX^J99^QSX_J01|10211211|P|2.8|
  QID|IN20180311-0012|Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471|
```

HL7 example message content

MSH.3	EMS-COMMAND	Identifies sending application, i.e., the EMS command & control system
-------	-------------	--

MSH.5	COMM-HOSP	Identifies receiving application, i.e., "Community Hospital"
MSH.7	201803120000-0800	Date and time of message, i.e., March 12, 2018 @ 00:00 AM UTC-8hr (PST)
MSH.9	QSB^Z08^QSB_Q16	Identifies the message type and trigger, i.e., creating HAVE subscription
MSH.10	10211211	System generated message identifier
MSH.11	P	Production message
MSH.12	2.8	HL7 v2.8
QID.1	IN20180311-0012	Subscription identifier from initial subscription, link cancellation to query request
QID.2	Z08^HAVE 2.0 Subscription^HL70471	Identifies the subscription query, i.e., HAVE 2.0 report

Appendix C. Revision History

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
WD02	23DEC2014	Darrell O'Donnell	Preparation for submission to OASIS EM-TC
WD02	13JAN2015	Darrell O'Donnell	Updates to reflect information models in the CT, CIQ, and GSFworking drafts.
CSD01	13JAN2015	Darrell O'Donnell	Updates to reflect EM TC Committee Specification Draft
WD03	22AUG2017	Rex Brooks	Changes pursuant to new Committee Specification Public Review Draft
WD04	11NOV2017	Darrell O'Donnell	Changes for Appendix B: HL7 after receipt from Scott Robertson's heroic effort
WG04	05FEB2018	Scott M. Robertson	Changes pursuant to HL7 ballot comments